

- ARC/HRC/ERC Standard 4-Row Ball Bearing Linear Guide
- WRC Wide 4-Row Ball Bearing Linear Guide
- ARD/HRD/ERD Standard 4-Row Ball Bearing Linear Guide  
Equipped with Cover Strip
- ARR/HRR/LRR Standard 4-Row Roller-type Linear Guide

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## Contents

### ARC/HRC/ERC Standard 4-Row Ball Bearing Linear Guide

ARC/HRC/ERC Product Overview.....	P01~P02
Product Design (Standard Equipment).....	P03~P06
Product Design (Optional Accessories).....	P07~P12
Technical Information.....	P13~P25
Installation Instructions.....	P26~P29
Lubrication.....	P30
Accuracy.....	P31
Ordering Information.....	P32
Dimensions Specification.....	P33~P40

### WRC Wide 4-Row Ball Bearing Linear Guide

Ordering Information.....	P42
Dimensions Specification.....	P43~P44

### ARD Standard 4-Row Ball Bearing Linear Guide Equipped with Cover Strip

Product Features.....	P45
Installation Instructions.....	P46
Ordering Information.....	P46
Dimensions Specification.....	P47~P54

### ARR/HRR/LRR 4-Row Roller-type Linear Guide

Product Design.....	P55~P60
Technical Information.....	P61~P62
Accuracy.....	P63~P64
Ordering Information.....	P65~P66
Dimensions Specification.....	P67~P76

### Bellows

Bellows.....	P77~P78
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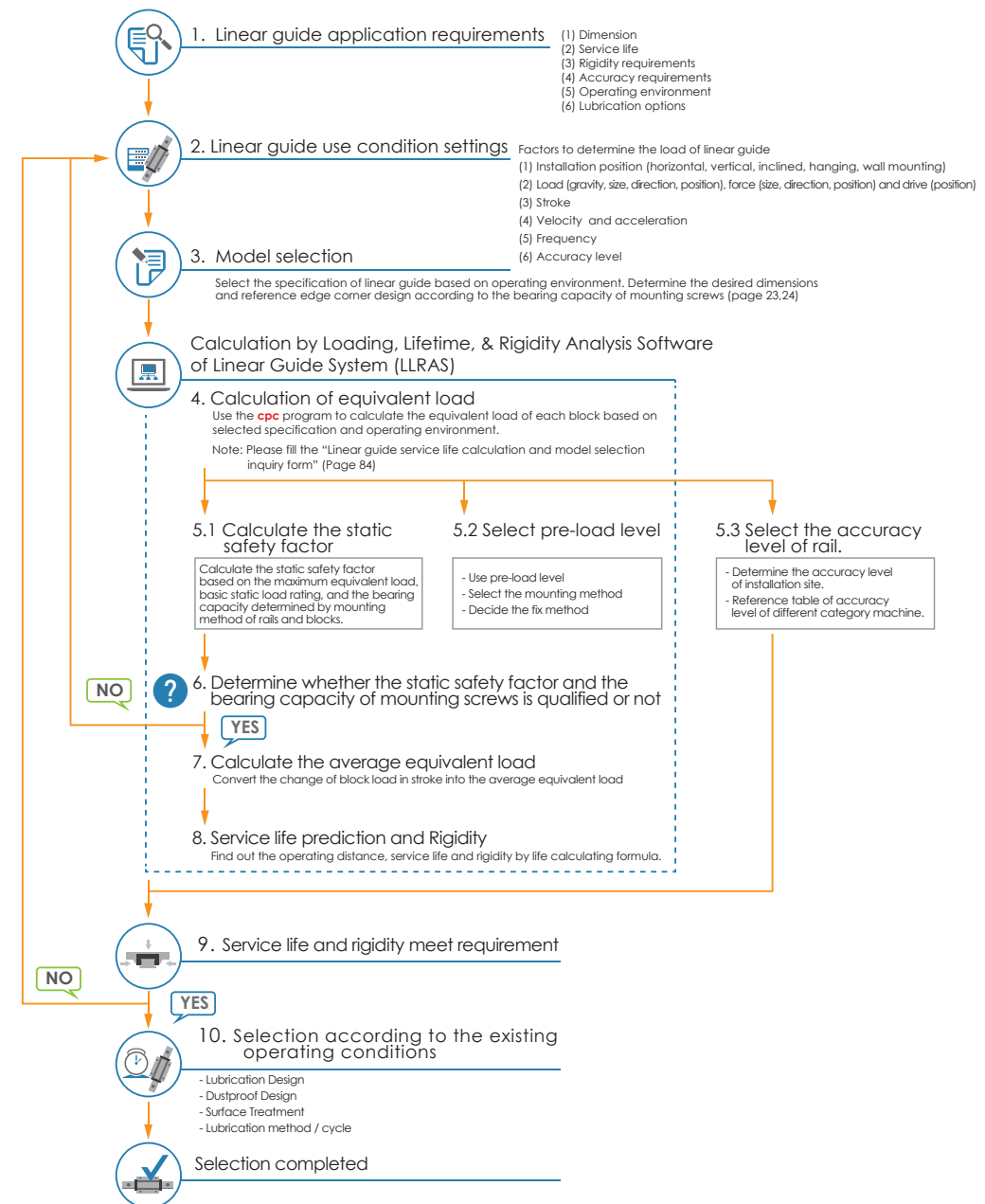
### Grease Nipple Option

Grease Nipple Option.....	P79~P80
Lubrication Kit and Grease Gun.....	P81~P82

### Lubrication Storages Pad Testing Report

Lubrication Storages Pad Test Report.....	P83
Linear Guide Service Life Calculation and Model Selection.....	P84

## Selection method



## Product Overview

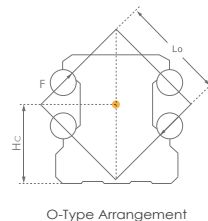
### ARC/HRC/ERC Product Characteristics

Our standard **cpc** ARC/HRC/ERC Linear Guide Series uses the O-type arrangement for its four-row ball circulation design. The 45-degree contact angle between the rails and balls allows our product to realize a four-directional equivalent load effect. **cpc** has placed special emphasis on strengthening the arm length ( $L_o$ ) of our product so that when sustaining external force ( $F$ ), this can have an even higher  $M_r$  value, which increases its rigidity and torsion-resistant capabilities. The larger and more numerous balls in our products allows it to have a 10-30% greater load capacity than similarly sized competitor products. These and other characteristics are the source of our product's high load capacity, moment, and stiffness features.

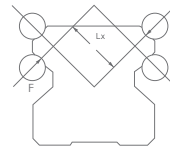
Unit:mm

Mode Code	$L_o$	$H_c$
15	12.4	9.35
20	16.4	12.5
25	19.5	14.5
30	24.0	17
35	30.4	19.5
45	38.2	24
55	43.1	28.5

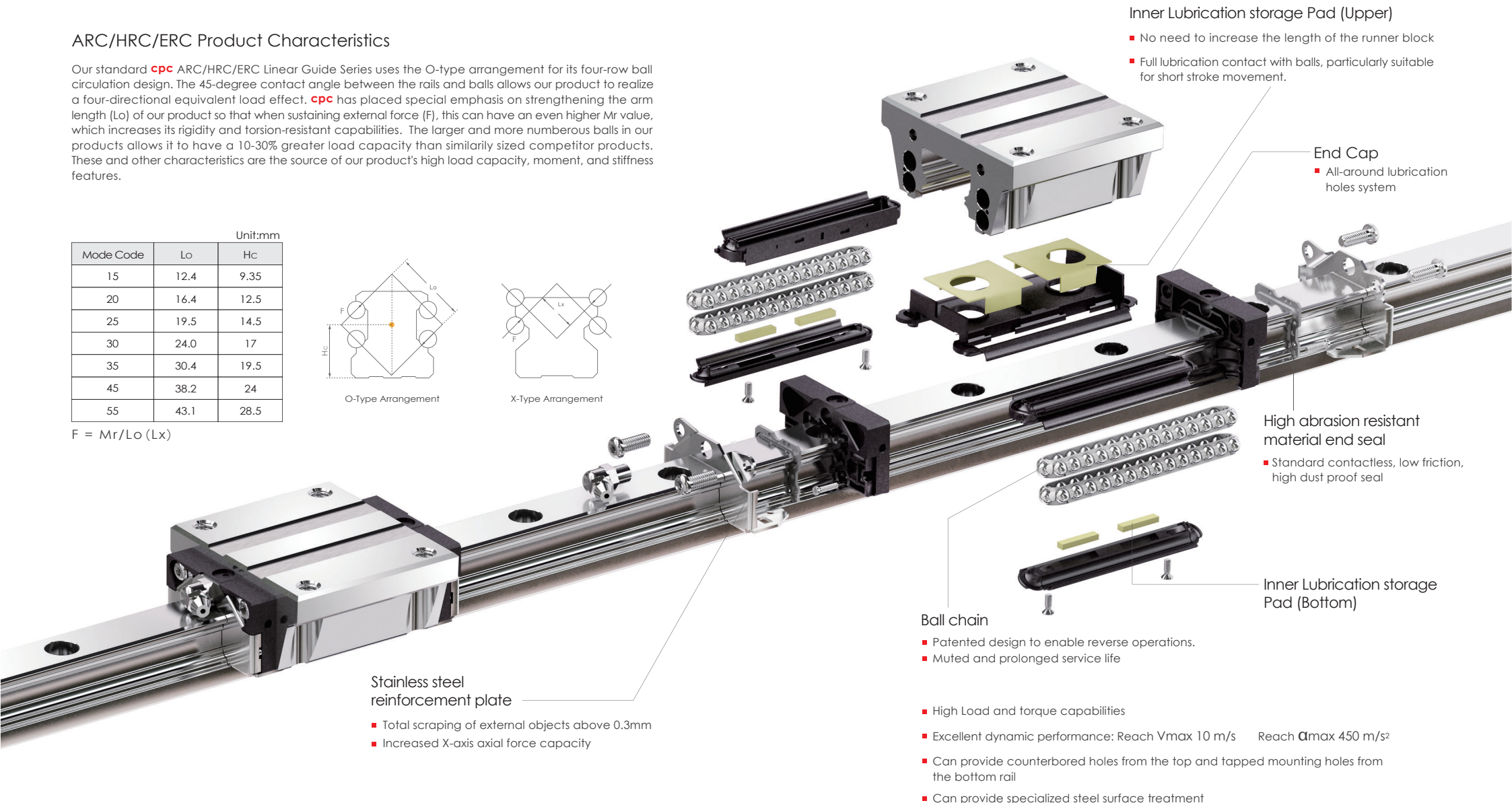
$$F = M_r / L_o (L_x)$$



O-Type Arrangement



X-Type Arrangement



#### Inner Lubrication storage Pad (Upper)

- No need to increase the length of the runner block
- Full lubrication contact with balls, particularly suitable for short stroke movement.

#### End Cap

- All-around lubrication holes system

#### High abrasion resistant material end seal

- Standard contactless, low friction, high dust proof seal

#### Inner Lubrication storage Pad (Bottom)

#### Ball chain

- Patented design to enable reverse operations.
- Muted and prolonged service life

#### Stainless steel reinforcement plate

- Total scraping of external objects above 0.3mm
- Increased X-axis axial force capacity

- High Load and torque capabilities

- Excellent dynamic performance: Reach  $V_{max}$  10 m/s    Reach  $a_{max}$  450 m/s<sup>2</sup>

- Can provide counterbored holes from the top and tapped mounting holes from the bottom rail

- Can provide specialized steel surface treatment

## Product Design (Standard)

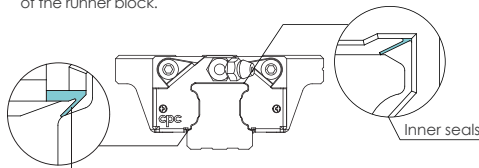
### Dustproof design

#### Inner Seals

The newly designed inner seals both protect the rails from foreign particles and keep the lubrication inside the runner block while maintaining a low friction profile.

#### Bottom Seals

The bottom seals work in conjunction with the inner seals to keep foreign particles out and lubrication from leaking out. Our comprehensive sealing design significantly reduces re-lubrication needs and prolongs the service life of the runner block.



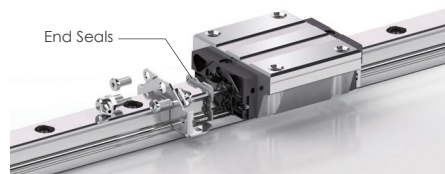
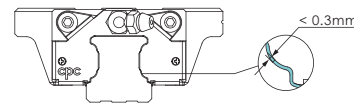
Bottom Seals

#### End Seals

The end seals work in conjunction with the bottom and inner seals to block foreign particles out and prevent lubrication leakage. Our engineering plastic has a strong friction resistance and is less prone to cracking than typical NBR plastics.

#### Stainless Steel Reinforcement Plate

The reinforcement plate also functions as a scraper for larger particulates like iron fillings, and has no more than 0.3mm clearance between the plate and the rail.

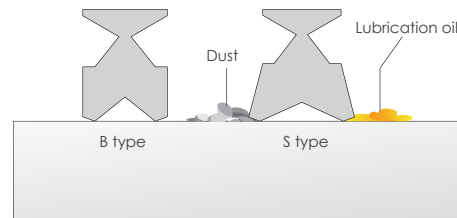


#### Standard Seals (S)

Our standard seals are in direct contact with the rail surface, giving them increased dustproof and lubrication retention capabilities. **cpc** recommends this class of seal for blocks that operate in environments high in foreign particles, such as sawdust, for long periods of time. S-type seals will have comparatively higher friction than B-Type seals.

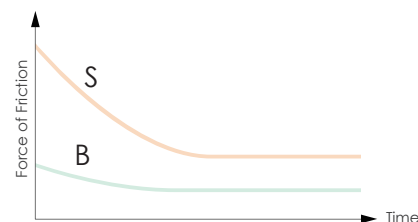
#### Low Friction Seals (B)

Our low-friction seals have slight contact with the rail and are suitable for most environments, with both low friction and a scraper function.



#### Seal type friction comparison

Friction levels will be the highest on new linear rails. But, after short periods of operation, such friction will be reduced to a constant level.



### Average Friction of Block

The following table shows the resistance value of the running block mounted with different seal types under the condition when the running block lubricated with ISO VG32 lubricant.

Unit : N

ARC/HRC/ERC								
Block Type	Friction caused from ball bearing				Bottom Seals + Inner Seals	End Seals ( 2 sides )		External NBR seal with metal scraper
	Preload Class					S-Type Standard	B-Type Low friction	
	VC	V0	V1	V2				
15MN/FN	0.30	0.65	0.85	1.10	1.5	2.0	0.5	4
20MN/FN	0.40	0.75	1.40	1.60	2.0	2.5	1.0	5
25MN/FN	0.60	0.95	1.60	1.95	2.5	3.0	1.5	8
30MN/FN	0.55	1.10	2.00	3.10	3.0	5.0	2.0	10
35MN/FN	0.65	1.25	2.50	3.25	3.0	8.0	3.0	12
45MN/FN	0.85	2.10	2.80	4.00	4.0	11.0	4.0	20
55MN/FN	1.6	4.1	5.5	7.95	2.0	13.0	-	-

Unit : N

ARC/HRC/ERC								
Block Type	Friction caused from ball bearing				Bottom Seals + Inner Seals	End Seals ( 2 sides )		External NBR seal with metal scraper
	Preload Class					S-Type Standard	B-Type Low friction	
	VC	V0	V1	V2				
15MS/FS	0.30	0.60	0.80	1.00	1.5	2.0	0.5	4
20MS/FS	0.40	0.70	1.10	1.40	2.0	2.5	1.0	5
25MS/FS	0.50	0.90	1.20	1.80	2.5	3.0	1.5	8
30MS/FS	0.50	1.00	1.80	2.30	3.0	5.0	2.0	10

Unit : N

ARC/HRC/ERC								
Block Type	Friction caused from ball bearing				Bottom Seals + Inner Seals	End Seals ( 2 sides )		External NBR seal with metal scraper
	Preload Class					S-Type Standard	B-Type Low friction	
	VC	V0	V1	V2				
15ML/FL	0.40	0.70	0.90	1.40	1.5	2.0	0.5	4
20ML/FL	0.50	0.80	1.60	1.80	2.0	2.5	1.0	5
25ML/FL	0.70	1.20	1.80	2.00	2.5	3.0	1.5	8
30ML/FL	0.80	1.40	2.20	2.80	3.0	5.0	2.0	10
35ML/FL	0.90	1.60	2.70	3.50	3.0	8.0	3.0	12
45ML/FL	1.00	2.30	3.50	4.55	4.0	11.0	4.0	20
55ML/FL	1.9	4.3	6.6	8.6	2.0	13.0	-	-

#### Applied example

①. ARC25MN SZ V1N

Block friction =  $1.3+2.5+3 = 6.8\text{N}$

②. HRC30FL BZ V0P

Block friction =  $1.4+3+2 = 6.4\text{N}$

Friction caused from ball bearing

Bottom Seals + Inner Seals  
+ End Seals (2 sides)

Block friction



## Product Design (Standard)

### Saw wood dust Test

#### Test content

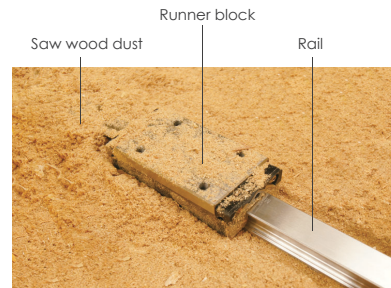
This test uses a total of 4 groups of products (2 rails matched with 2 lubrication methods) which are put on a saw wood dust surface on which a back and forth motion test is performed.

#### Rail

1. Standard rail plus hole plugs (AR)
2. Rail tapped from the bottom (ARU)

#### Runner Block

1. Installation of standard contact type seals (S), using grease.
2. Installation of lubrication storage Pad and standard contact type seals (SZ), using grease.



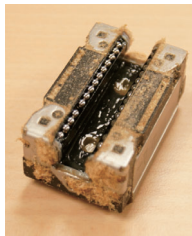
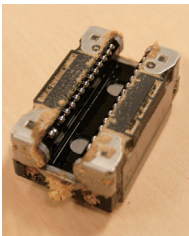
#### Testing conditions

1. Stroke = 600mm
2. Total testing stroke = 30m

#### Test items

1. If saw wood dust enters the inner surface of the runner block
2. If saw wood dust enters the ball bearing runner area

#### Test results



Tapped from bottom (oil)

Tapped from bottom (grease)

#### Test result

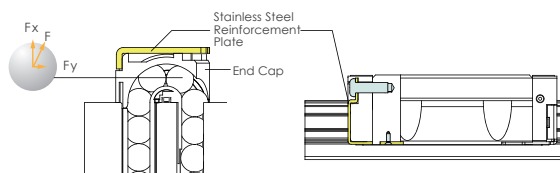
- The standard rail has hole plugs, leading to rail unevenness, allowing some saw wood dust to enter the runner block belly area. The 2 sides of the runner block belly area are completely protected by stainless steel reinforcement plates and end seals, meaning that the ball bearing runner area is fully shielded from saw wood dust.
- The rail tapped from the bottom has an even rail surface so that the ball bearing runner area is fully protected from saw wood dust.

## Stainless steel reinforcement plate (Patent)

### Scraping function on both sides

Using 2 stainless steel reinforcement plates, the L form design allows for screws to be fastened onto the top and bottom of the runner block, reinforcing the rigidity and cladding of its caps.

The clearance between the rail profile with the seal design is below 0.3mm, reinforcing the steel plates while enabling scraper functions.

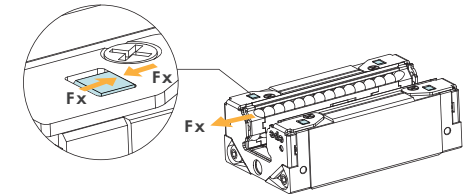


### Function of high speed operation

Our ARC/HRC/ERC, ARD/HRD/ERD type features stainless steel reinforcement plates and additional bottom latches, increasing its axial force and tolerance capacity to achieve a faster operating speed.

$V_{max} > 10 \text{ m/s}$

$\alpha_{max} > 450 \text{ m/s}^2$



### Multi-Directional Lubrication Nozzles (All-direction Lubrication Nozzles)

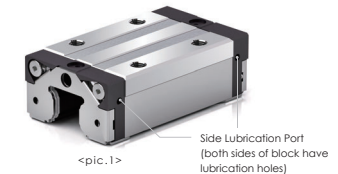
Our product features lubrication ports on the top, bottom, and sides, allowing the installation of optional grease nipples for relubrication. The top port comes with an O-ring seal to allow easy relubrication from the top, and our diverse comprehensive lubrication injection design allows for lubrication from all directions.



### Instruction for side lubricant-nozzle-installation port of Linear Guide

The side lubrication injection port (see pic.1) on cpc's linear guide blocks is sealed on delivery to prevent leakage of lubricants.

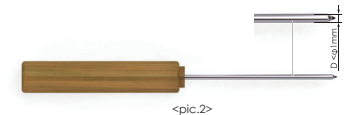
Before installing lubricant injection nozzle or piping, the seal must be broken to allow lubricant to enter the runner block.



#### Installation Steps

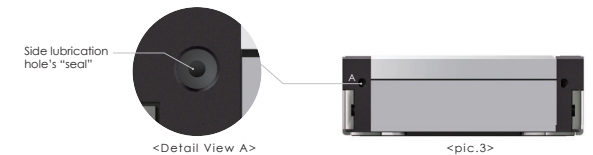
##### 1. Tool

To pierce the seal, select an awl with a diameter less than  $\phi 1 \text{ mm}$  (see pic.2).



##### 2. Side lubrication port

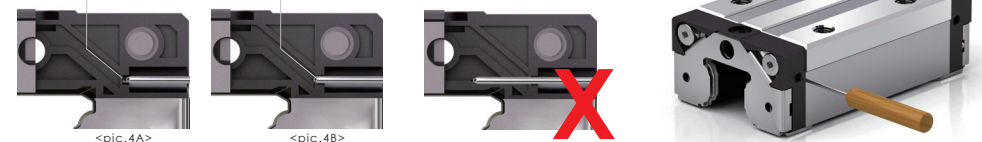
The seal is in a deeper small hole in the middle of the side lubrication injection hole on the block (see Detail View A from pic.3). The seal is only 0.2 ~0.3mm thick.



##### 3. Piercing method

Use the awl to stab into the seal showed in above picture. Press the awl against the seal (see pic.4A) and move gently forward by about 1mm. Please do not use power tools or pierce too deep, to prevent damage to guide block end cap, which may impact its functionality and interfere with lubricant passage.

#### Sealed lubricant passage Cleared lubricant passage

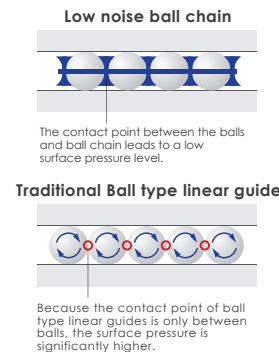
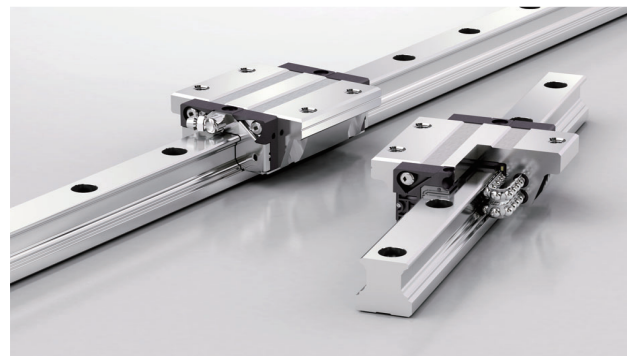


## Product Design (Option)

Low noise, superior quality high speed ball chain (Patent)

Ordering code: C

With traditional ball type linear guides, the spinning of balls in different directions leads to a two-times faster contact speed. Such high friction greatly reduces the service life of such products. Additionally, the contact point between such balls also produces high pressure and noise levels while increasing the danger of oil film cladding damage.



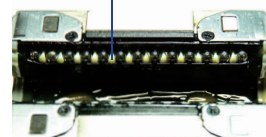
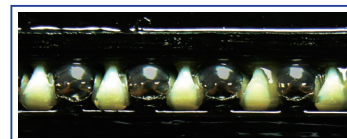
\* The **cpc** ball chain provides a greater contact area between the balls and the ball chain. Because the film cladding will not be damaged easily and due to the lower noise volume, balls can move at a higher speed while product service life can also be extended significantly.

\* The block with the ball chain design has the same dimensions as that without ball chains, allowing for the use of the same rails.

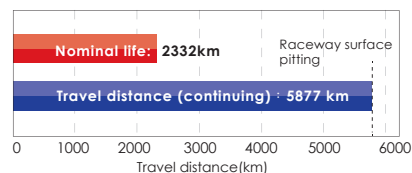
### Heavy load test

Condition  
Model : ARC25MN SZC V1H  
Velocity : 1m/sec  
Load capacities : 7.44kN(0.3C)  
Dynamic load rating  $C_{100}$  : 33.6kN  
Stroke : 960mm  
Preload : 0.05C

$$\text{Rating Life} \left( \frac{C}{P} \right)^3 \times 100\text{km} = \left( \frac{C}{0.05C + 0.3C} \right)^3 \times 100\text{km} = 2332\text{km}$$

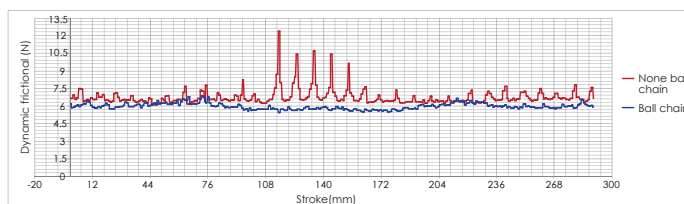


After testing, grease remains without anomalies.



### Smoothness test

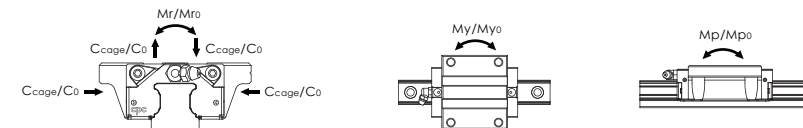
Model code : ARC25MNSV1N  
Velocity : 10 mm/sec



### Load capacity of ball chain

There are three advantages of ARC/HRC/ERC/, ARD/HRD/ERD ball chain series as compared with traditional, non-ball chain blocks:

1. The space block in the ball chain can prevent the oil film from rupturing by ball to ball contact and decrease friction induced wear.
2. The retainer block of the ball chain can maintain a reliable oil film layer by continuously applying grease on the moving part.
3. The ball chain provides the important function of leading steel ball motion. For traditional blocks without ball chains, its steel balls are pushed by the rotating back steel balls on the raceway, meaning that the contact angle between the balls and rail is less precise, causing vibration and an increased stress level between balls. In comparison, the balls in our ball chain product are led by the ball chain to ensure a correct fit and accurate contact angles. In this way, our product's ball chain design ensures that it can fit correctly when entering the raceway and that the contact angle will be accurate. This means that our Ball chain design provides for a smooth performance, lower vibration levels and less additional stress levels. Subsequently increase the dynamic load rating,  $C_{cage}$  value.



### Dynamic rating load

The table on the right shows the  $C_{cage}$  and  $C_{100}$  values via different machine type testing. (According to ISO-14728 regulations)

Model Code		$C_{100}$ (kN)	$C_{cage}$ (kN)
ARC/ARD-MN C	15	9.4	11.8
ARC/ARD-FN C	20	15.4	22.3
HRC/HRD-MN C	25	22.4	33.6
HRC/HRD-FN C	30	31.0	46.5
ERC/ERD-MN C	35	43.7	65.6
	45	67.6	101.4
ARC/ARD-ML C	15	12.5	15.6
HRC/HRD-ML C	20	18.9	27.4
HRC/HRD-FL C	25	28.5	42.8
ERC/ERD-ML C	30	38.0	57.0
	35	50.6	75.9
	45	86.2	129.3
ARC/ARD-MS C	15	7.1	8.9
ARC/ARD-FS C	20	11.6	16.8
ERC/ERD-MS C	25	16.8	25.2
	30	21.3	32.0

### Static rating load & Static torque

The C type block of ARC/HRC/ERC, ARD/HRD/ERD will increase the pitch between balls on the operating profile. Therefore, the static rating load  $C_0$  and the static rating torque  $M_{r0}$ ,  $M_{p0}$  and  $M_{y0}$  values will be decreased.

Model Code		Static rating load(kN)	Static torque(Nm)			
		$C_0$	$M_{r0}$	$M_{p0}$	$M_{y0}$	
ARC/ARD-MN C	15	16.2	130	95	95	
ARC/ARD-FN C	20	25.7	275	200	200	
HRC/HRD-MN C	25	36.4	465	340	340	
HRC/HRD-FN C	30	49.6	780	530	530	
ERC/ERD-MN C	35	70.2	1575	1010	1010	
	45	102.8	2955	1775	1775	
ARC/ARD-ML C	15	24.3	195	215	215	
HRC/HRD-ML C	20	34.3	370	350	350	
HRC/HRD-FL C	25	51.6	655	640	640	
ERC/ERD-ML C	30	66.1	1040	900	900	
	35	94.7	1940	1575	1575	
	45	159.7	4185	3280	3280	
ARC/ARD-MS C	15	10.8	85	45	45	
ARC/ARD-FS C	20	17.1	185	85	85	
ERC/ERD-MS C	25	24.3	310	145	145	
	30	28.9	455	205	205	

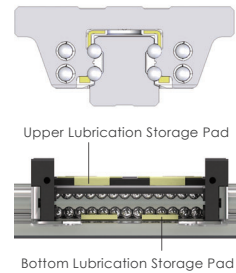
## Product Design (option)

### Lubrication Design (Ordering Code: Z) (ARC/HRC/ERC, ARD/HRD/ERD)

#### Inner oil storage and oil supply system design

Our Inner PU Lubrication Storage Pad design does not increase the length of the runner block and can effectively lubricate all balls. Customers can inject lubrication oil directly through its lubrication holes to ensure sufficient storage in the PU Lubrication storage pad. This not only enables long-term lubrication effects but also a higher degree of ease at conforming to environment protection needs and lowering maintenance costs. For short-stroke movements, this product allows for highly effective lubrication.

Extending the relubrication interval and reducing the amount of lubricant has always been the main issues for the manufacturers of linear guides. The rolling elements and the raceway surface must be completely lubricated. This is the condition that the linear guide must have to operate. However, the application environment of linear guides is quite different. A critical environment due to acid, iron filings, wood chips, coolant, working speed, stroke length, load, installation, etc. will affect lubrication. The **cpc** lubrication storage can keep oil/grease for a long time. **cpc** block with the lubrication unit can be used in the same way as the block without an oil tank. The grease nipple can be mounted on the block and the lubricant can be supplied directly and achieves the effect of permanent lubrication!

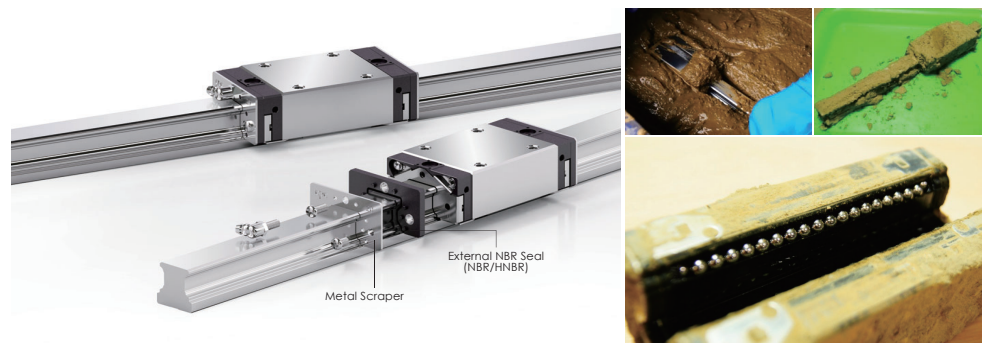


### External NBR Seal with Metal Scraper (Ordering Code: SN / HN) (ARC/HRC/ERC, ARR/HRR/LRR)

Available for applications in harsh environments such as in grinding, glass processing, graphite processing and wood-working machinery, providing a highly effective dust and iron scrap proofing solution.

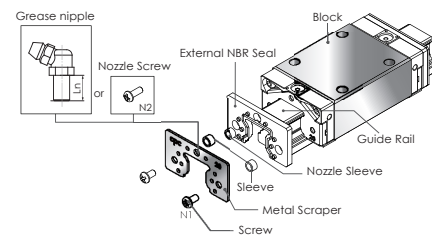
SN: (made by BRB) For application in harsh environment.

HN: (made by HNBR) For application of resisting acidic / basic coolant.



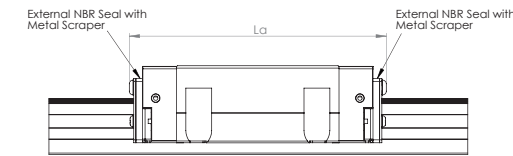
### Installation Manual

- When installing the external NBR seal, please ensure that the block is on the rail.
- Ensure that the rubber part is fitted in the sleeve. If the rubber part has fallen off, set the sleeve to the corresponding bore.
- Overlap the rubber part and metal scraper with the corresponding salient point and bore. The **cpc** logo must be facing outward.
- Slide the external NBR seal into the rail from two sides and closely connect with the block.
- Fasten the screw into the correspondence bore and align the seal with the center of the rail and properly fastened. Do not allow the metal scraper to make contact with the guide rail.



### ARC/HRC/ERC ball type external NBR seal dimensions and specifications

Dimensions of the block mounted with external NBR seals



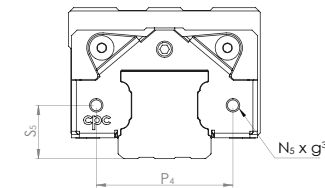
Unit: mm

Model Code	Exterior Dimension La		
	MS/FS	MN/FN	ML/FL
15	54.2	68.5	98.2
20	62.2	82	100.2
25	75.8	99.6	123.4
30	88	115.5	138
35	-	131.2	156.6
45	-	157.5	193.5
55	-	188.5	222

### The size and position of the screw hole on the stainless steel reinforcement plate

Functions of the screw hole on the stainless steel reinforcement plate:

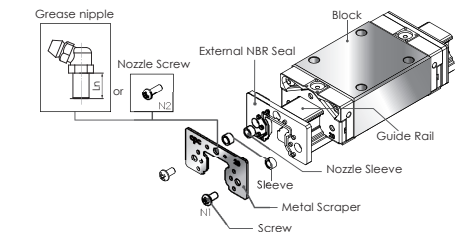
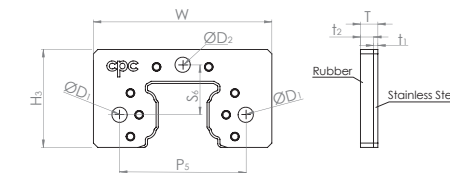
- using for external NBR seal
- using for the bellow
- using for MSS reader



Unit: mm

Model Code	Exterior Dimension			
	P4	Ss	Ns	g³
15	25	9.4	M3x0.35	2.3
20	29	12.5	M3x0.35	2.1
25	36.5	14.5	M3x0.35	2.8
30	42.5	17	M4x0.5	3.2
35	50	19.5	M4x0.5	3.1
45	65	24	M4x0.5	5.8
55	73	28.5	M5x0.5	5.6

### Dimensions of external NBR seals

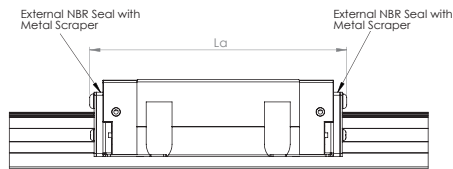


Unit: mm

Model Code	Exterior Dimension						Bore Specification				Screw Specification			Nipple
	T	t <sub>1</sub>	t <sub>2</sub>	W	H <sub>3</sub>	P <sub>5</sub>	S <sub>1</sub>	S <sub>2</sub>	ØD <sub>1</sub>	ØD <sub>2</sub>	N <sub>1</sub>	N <sub>2</sub>	Ln	
15	4	1	3	33	20.3	25	25	10.2	3.5	3.5	M3x0.35	M3x0.5	9	A-M3-L
20	4	1	3	41	22.5	29	29	11.5	3.5	3.5	M3x0.35	M3x0.5	9	B-M3-L
25	5.2	1.2	4	47	26.5	36.5	36.5	13.5	3.5	6.5	M3x0.35	M6x0.75	12	A/B-M6-L
30	6	1.5	4.5	58	34.2	42.5	42.5	17.5	4.5	6.5	M4x0.5	M6x0.75	12	A/B-M6-L
35	6	1.5	4.5	68	39.3	50	50	20.5	4.5	6.5	M4x0.5	M6x0.75	12	A/B-M6-L
45	6	1.5	4.5	84	49.6	65	65	24.9	4.5	10	M4x0.5	PT1/8	15	B-PT1/8-L
55	6	1.5	4.5	98	57	73	73	28	5.5	6.5	M5x0.5	M6x0.75	12	A/B-M6-L

## ARR/HRR/LEE roller type external NBR seal dimensions and specifications

Dimensions of the block mounted with external NBR seals



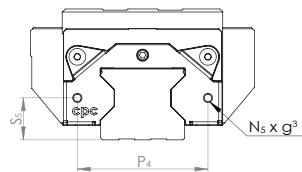
Unit: mm

Model Code	Exterior Dimension La		
	MN/FN	ML/FL	MXL/FXL
35	142	167.5	197.5
45	176	211	246

The size and position of the screw hole on the stainless steel reinforcement plate

Functions of the screw hole on the stainless steel reinforcement plate:

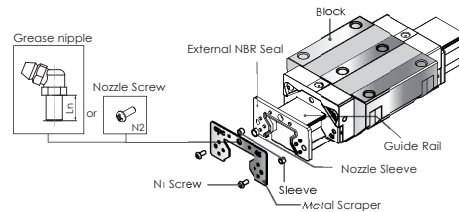
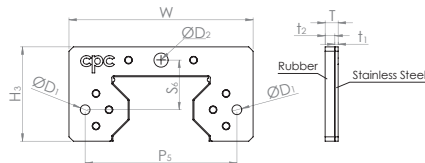
1. using for external NBR seal
2. using for the bellow
3. using for MSS reader



Unit: mm

Model Code	Exterior Dimension			
	P4	S2	Ns	g3
15	26	9.6	M3x0.35	1.4
20	29	12.5	M3x0.35	1.4
25	36.5	14	M3x0.35	1.7
35	60	18	M4x0.5	4.7
45	70	22.5	M4x0.5	3.3
55	76	27	M4x0.5	3.5

## Dimensions of external NBR seals



Unit: mm

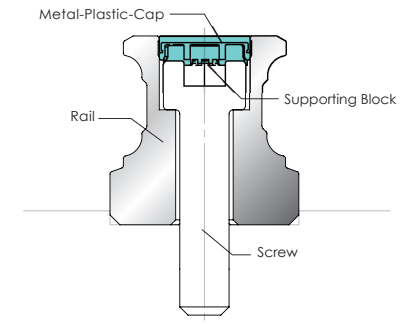
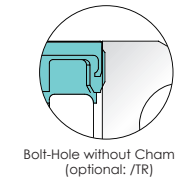
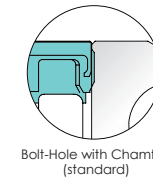
Model Code	Exterior Dimension						Bore Specification				Screw Specification			Nipple
	T	t1	t2	W	H3	P5	S1	S2	ØD1	ØD2	N1	N2	Ln	
35	6	1.5	4.5	69	37.6	60	60	20	4.5	6.5	M4x0.5	M6x0.75	16	A/B-M6-XL
45	6	1.5	4.5	84.9	43.5	70	70	22.9	4.5	6.5	M4x0.5	M6x0.75	16	A/B-M6-XL

## Metal-Plastic-Cap Patent Design for Standard Rail-Bolt-Hole (With patent) (Ordering Code: MPC)

### Metal Cap Features Introduction

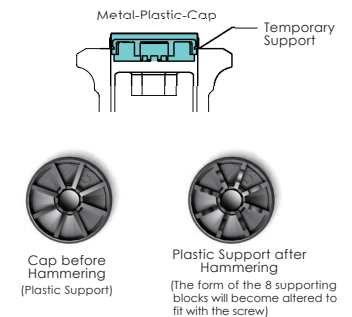
### The Most Convenient Metal Cap Used in Industry

- The upper part of the cap is made of stainless steel which can prevent sharp foreign objects from piling up on the bolt-hole and affect the end seal function.
- The lower part of the cap is made of plastic, and can be installed directly on a standard rail without the need for additional bolt-hole slot milling.
- The bolt-hole chamfer for standard rails is C0.2mm. For further dustproof requests, the non-bolt-hole chamfer rail is optional upon ordering. (order code: TR)

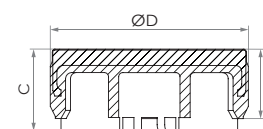


### Cap can be Smoothly Installed on Bolt-Hole

Bolt-hole cap of conventional linear guides, due to the difficulty of controlling hammering strength, often result in caps being hammered too deep or surface unevenness which leads to the accumulation of dirt or scrap iron. Our **cp** cap is especially designed with a supporting block to prop up the cap and to fix the screw stably, thus preventing such unnecessary sinking.



### Dimensions and Specifications



Model Code	Screw	External Diameter D	Cup Height H	Block Height C	Rail
A4	M4	7.7	1.7	2.0	AR15, WRC21/15, WRC27/20, ARR15
A5	M5	9.7	3.4	4.0	AR20, ARR20
A6	M6	11.3	2.9	3.5	AR25, ARR25
A8	M8	14.3	3.9	4.5	AR30, AR35
A12	M12	20.4	5.0	5.6	AR45, ARR45
A8-R	M8	14.3	8.0	9.5	ARR35
A14	M14	24.4	6.0	6.5	AR55, ARR55



## Technical Information

### Load capacity and service life

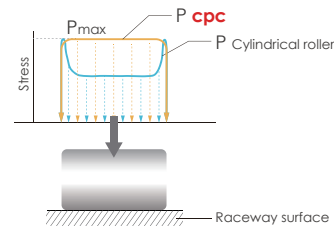
#### Basic static load capacity $C_0$

The static load along the direction of the force; under this static load, the maximum calculated stress at the center point of the contact surface between the ball and the track:

The value is 4200 MPa when radius of curvature ratio = 0.52  
The value is 4600 MPa when the radius of curvature = 0.6

Roller and rail contact surface produces the maximum calculated stress:  
The value is 4000 MPa

**cpc's** design of the roller guide series products has optimized the contact surface between the roller and the raceway of the rail. The line contact stress is evenly distributed. There is no edge stress effect, so they can withstand greater stress, as shown in the right picture.



Note: At this point of maximum stress contact will yield a permanent deformation, which corresponds to 0.0001 diameter of the rolling element. (Above according to ISO 14728-2)

#### Static load safety factor calculation

- (1)  $S_0 = C_0 / P_0$
- (2)  $S_0 = M_0 / M$
- (3)  $P_0 = F_{max}$
- (4)  $M_0 = M_{max}$

Operating situation	$S_0$
General operation	1~2
Shock or impact	2~3
High precision and smooth operation	$\geq 3$

#### Equivalent static load $P_0$ and basic static torque $M_0$

The application of the static load capacity of the linear guide series must be considered:

- Static load of linear guide
- Allowable load of screw fixation
- Permissible load of connected bodies
- The required static load safety factor for the application

The equivalent static load and static torque are the maximum load and torque values, refer to equations (3) and (4).

#### Static load safety factor $S_0$

In order to be able to withstand the permanent deformation of the linear bearing and ensure that it will not affect the accuracy and smooth operation of the linear slide system. The static load safety factor  $S_0$  is calculated as equations (1) and (2).

- $S_0$  Static load safety factor
- $C_0$  Basic static load N in direction of load
- $P_0$  Equivalent static load N in direction of load
- $M_0$  Basic static torque Nm in direction of load
- $M$  Equivalent static torque Nm in direction of load

#### When the block alone experiences the torque

If the block alone experiences the torque from  $M_p$  and  $M_y$  direction, the maximum allowable torque for the block to run smoothly is 0.2 to 0.3 times static torque. And the block with larger preload would have larger maximum allowable torque and vice versa. When static torque  $M_p$  and  $M_y$  is larger than maximum allowable torque, the jumping of the block will be caused when the ball is rolling through the loaded / unloaded region in the block. If you have above mentioned design problem, please contact our technical department.

#### Basic dynamic load capacity $C_{ISO}$ (general design) / $C_{cage}$ (ball chain design)

$$C_{ISO} : C_{100} / C_{50}$$

Definition:  $C_{100}$  is a radial load with constant magnitude and direction; when the linear bearing is subjected to this load, its rated life can theoretically reach a walking distance of 100 kilometers, and  $C_{50}$  is a walking distance of 50 kilometers. (Above according to ISO 14728-1)

According to ISO 14728-1 for the bearing steel used in the current technology, the calculated life span of 90% survival rate for a single or batch of sufficient and identical linear bearings under normal manufacturing quality and normal operating conditions is as follows:

$$(5) \quad L = \left[ \frac{C_{100}}{P} \right]^{\alpha} \cdot 10^5$$

$$L = \left[ \frac{C_{50}}{P} \right]^{\alpha} \cdot 5 \times 10^4$$

$L$  = rated life

$C_{100}/C_{50}$  = Dynamic Load Rating (N)

$P$  = equivalent load (N)

When using a ball type linear guide  $\alpha = 3$

When using roller linear guide  $\alpha = \frac{10}{3}$

Please refer to equations (6) and (7) for a comparison of the basic rated load capacity defined by the two types of basic load capacity conversion when the standard rated load capacity  $C_{50}$  is taken as the standard when the 50 km distance is taken as the rated life. (according to ISO 14728-1)

Ball

$$(6) \quad C_{50} = 1.26 \cdot C_{100}$$

$$(7) \quad C_{100} = 0.79 \cdot C_{50}$$

$C_{cage}$  is a basic dynamic load capacity value of block with ball chain, which is 120 to 130% of the  $C_{iso}$  value according to the practical test (see Page 8). Formulas (5), (6), and (7) also apply to  $C_{100}/cage$  and  $C_{50}/cage$

According to the operating velocity and frequency, the service distance can be converted to service life, assuming the equivalent load and average velocity are constant.

$$(8) \quad L_n = \frac{L}{2 \cdot s \cdot n \cdot 60} = \frac{L}{v_m \cdot 60}$$

$L_n$  = Rated life (h)

$L$  = Rated life for walking 100 km (m)

$s$  = Single stroke (m)

$n$  = Frequency of reciprocating stroke ( $\text{min}^{-1}$ )

$v_m$  = Average velocity (m/min)

## Technical Information

### Load capacity and life

#### Equivalent load and Velocity

When the load and velocity are not constant, all actual loads and velocities must be considered, and it will impact the service life.

For each segment of each block, when the load changes, the equivalent load is calculated according to formula (9).

$$(9) \quad P = \sqrt[\alpha]{\frac{q_1 \cdot F_1^\alpha + q_2 \cdot F_2^\alpha + \dots + q_n \cdot F_n^\alpha}{100}}$$

P = equivalent load (N)

When using ball-type linear guide  $\alpha = 3$

When using roller-type linear guide  $\alpha = \frac{10}{3}$

q = portion of working distance per segment (%)

F<sub>i</sub> = load per segment (N)

When the velocity changes, the equivalent velocity is calculated according to formula (10).

$$(10) \quad \bar{v} = \frac{q_1 \cdot v_1 + q_2 \cdot v_2 + \dots + q_n \cdot v_n}{100}$$

$\bar{v}$  = equivalent velocity (m/min)

q = portion of working distance per segment (%)

When the load and velocity all change, the equivalent load is calculated according to formula (11).

$$(11) \quad P = \sqrt[\alpha]{\frac{q_1 \cdot v_1 \cdot F_1^\alpha + q_2 \cdot v_2 \cdot F_2^\alpha + \dots + q_n \cdot v_n \cdot F_n^\alpha}{100 \bar{v}}}$$

P = equivalent load (N)

When using ball-type linear guide  $\alpha = 3$

When using roller-type linear guide  $\alpha = \frac{10}{3}$

q = percentage of walking distance per segment (%)

v = velocity of each segment (m/min)

F<sub>i</sub> = load per segment (N)

When the linear guide is subjected to any angular load and the direction of the force other than the horizontal or vertical direction, the approximated value of equivalent load is calculated as (12).

$$(12) \quad P = |F_x| + |F_y|$$

P = equivalent load (N)

F<sub>x</sub> = force at horizontal component (N)

F<sub>y</sub> = force at vertical component (N)

When the linear guide experience both load and torque at the time, the approximated value of equivalent load is calculated by formula (13)

$$(13) \quad P = |F| + |M| \cdot \frac{C_0}{M_0}$$

P = equivalent load (N)

F = load applied to the LM guide (N)

M = static torque (Nm)

C<sub>0</sub> = basic static load direction (N)

M<sub>0</sub> = basic static torque in direction of force (Nm)

### Operating temperature range

-40 °C ~ 80 °C

The Linear Guide Series have a permissible operating temperature between -40 °C and 80 °C, and the maximum temperature for short-term operation can reach +100 °C.

### Friction

The linear guides have stable and constant running friction and slight start-up friction, which brings out the properties of the product's low frictional resistance to the full.

### Friction

$$F_m = \mu \cdot F$$

F<sub>m</sub> = Friction (N)

F = Load (N)

The Rller Guide Series friction factor is approx.  $\mu=0.001 \sim 0.002$

### Friction Factors

- Sealing system
- Collision between rolling elements and rolling elements during operation
- Collision of the rolling elements with the return path
- Resistance caused by the rolling and sliding phenomenon at the contact point of the rolling element and the raceway of the rail
- Resistance caused by the squeezing of lubricant when the rolling elements running
- Resistance caused by contaminations

In general, the loads on the linear guide exert on the four major planes. However it can be the load from any angle. In this case, the life of the linear guide is reduced. This can be interpreted by the flow of forces inside the system.

### Line chart

Under pressure

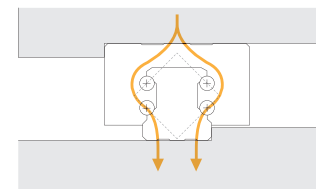


Figure A

Pull up

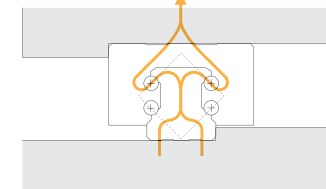


Figure B

Lateral force 1

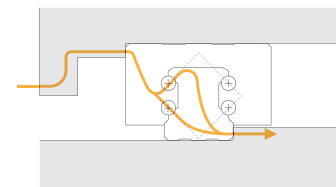


Figure C

Lateral force 2

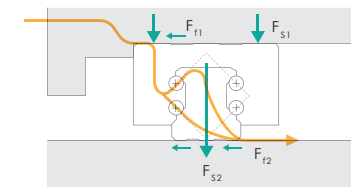


Figure D

F<sub>s1</sub>、F<sub>s2</sub> : screw fixation

F<sub>f1</sub>、F<sub>f2</sub> : frictional resistance

F<sub>f</sub> = F<sub>s</sub> · μ<sub>0</sub>

As can be seen from the three diagrams in Figure A to Figure D, when subjected to upward, downward and lateral loads, the force flow will be distributed to the two ball transfer.

## Technical Information

### Load capacity and life

#### Line chart

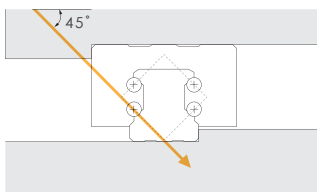


Figure E

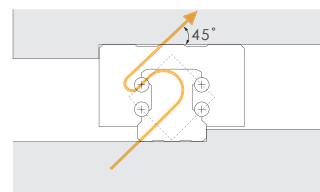
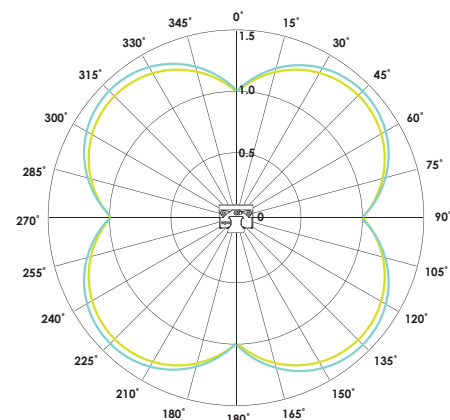


Figure F

As shown in the two diagrams in Figures E and F, the load acting on the 45-degree angle has the greatest effect on the system's life because the transfer of force is limited to a single row of balls.

When the load is applied horizontally or vertically ( $0^\circ$ ,  $90^\circ$ ,  $180^\circ$ ,  $270^\circ$ ), the equivalent load of the slide is equal to the actual load. When the load angle is  $45^\circ$ , its equivalent load is approximately 1.414 times that of the main direction. (as shown in formula (12))

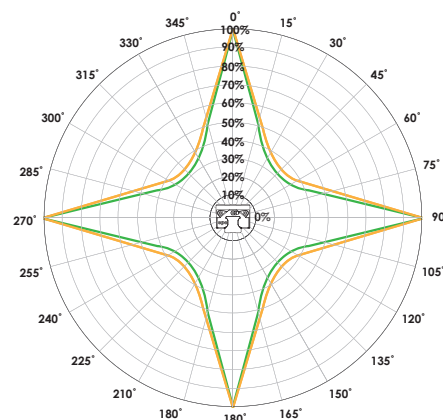
When the same load is at different angles, the comparison of equation (12) and the actual equivalence load is as shown in the following figure.



— Equation (12) (Page 15) calculates the approximate value of the equivalent load — Actual equivalence load

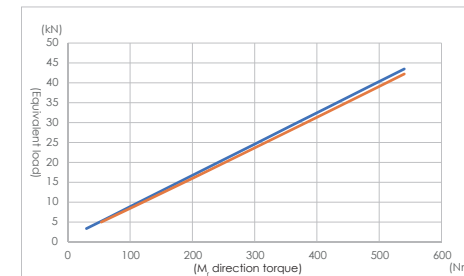
Therefore, in order to increase the service life of the linear system, it should be installed in the appropriate direction to bear the load. Otherwise, the service life will be greatly reduced, as shown in the figure below. Since the relationship between life and load is as the power of formula (5), when the acceptance angle is  $45^\circ$ , the service life will be significantly reduced.

The following is the life L comparison chart (in %) for different angles under the same load.

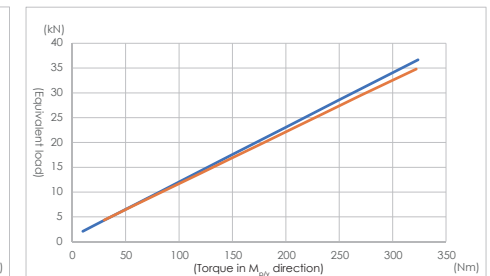


— Ball — Roller

The following is a comparison diagram of the equivalent load approximate value and the actual equivalent load calculated by Equation (13). The example uses the ARC25MN linear guide to withstand a fixed down pressure and the torque gradually increases. The above figure shows the torque in the  $M_r$  direction. The figure below shows the torque in the  $M_{py}$  direction.



— Equation (13) (Page 15) Calculate the approximate value of the equivalent load  $\left| \frac{M_r}{M_{ro}} \right| \cdot C_0$   
— Actual equivalence load



— Equation (13) (Page 15) calculates the approximate value of the equivalent load  $\left| \frac{M_{py}}{M_{pyo}} \right| \cdot C_0$   
— Actual equivalence load

### Load calculation

1. The load exert on the linear guide would varies due to the position of object's center of gravity, thrust position and acceleration / deceleration induced inertia.
2. Because of the uneven distribution of force on linear guide, when a certain part of rail, or when a force exertion point is damaged, the linear guide system would start to malfunction.
3. The point with largest force exertion must be identified, and be used reference to calculate the equivalent load, to ensure the reliability of service life calculation.

#### Ball

$$Q \propto F (Dw^{\frac{1}{2}}, \delta^{\frac{3}{2}}, C_6^{\frac{3}{2}})$$

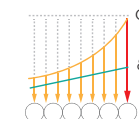
$Q$  = load  
 $\delta$  = amount of rolling element deformation  
 $Dw$  = ball diameter  
 $C_6$  = geometric constant

#### Roller

$$Q \propto F (\delta^{\frac{1}{2}}, \ell_{eff}^{\frac{1}{2}})$$

$Q$  = load  
 $\delta$  = amount of rolling element deformation  
 $\ell_{eff}$  = contact length

As shown by the formula, the relationship between the amount of deformation of the rolling element and load is not linear. A larger deformation will cause the non-linear increase of load.



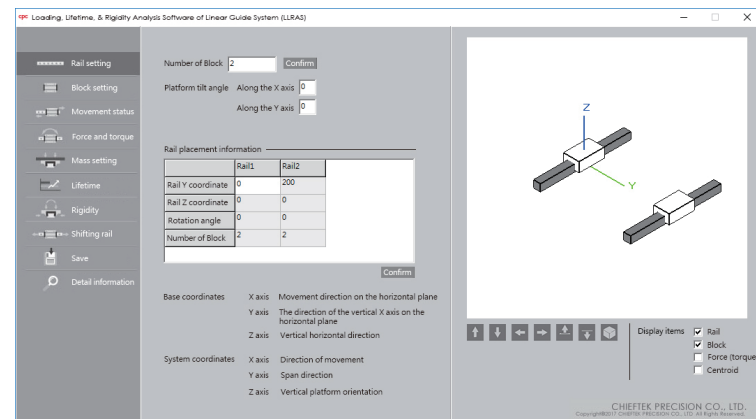
$Q$  = load  
 $\delta$  = amount of rolling element deformation

Therefore by using the **cpc** self-developed program, the "Loading, Lifetime, & Rigidity Analysis Software of Linear Guide System (LLRAS)", a precise service life estimation can be derived. This is done by optimum calculation of deformation and rotation when a linear guide experience load, in this case the accurate equivalent load can be calculated.

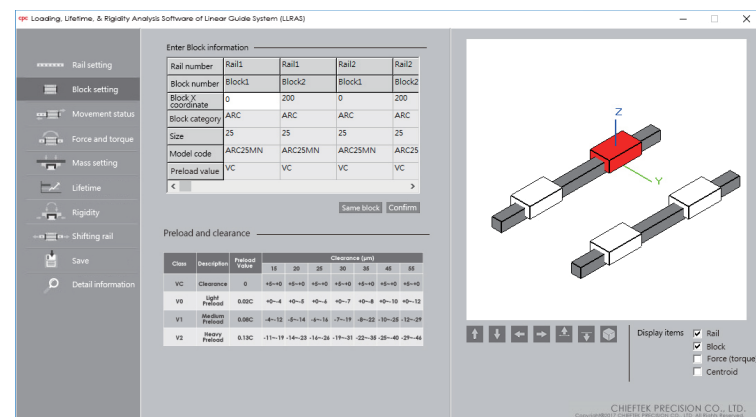
## Technical Information

### Loading, Lifetime, & Rigidity Analysis Software of Linear Guide System (LLRAS) Data input guidance

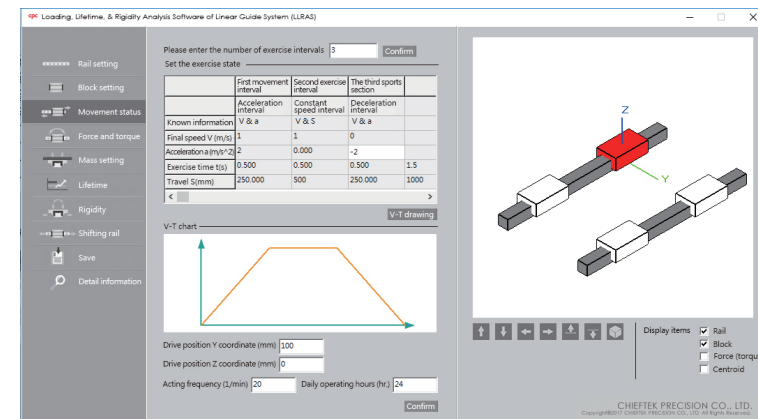
1. Set the slide rail position, the number of slides on the slide



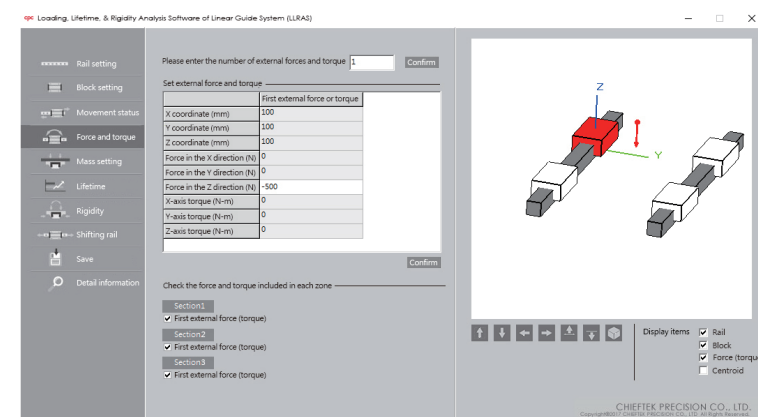
2. Set the carriage size model



3. Set the exercise state



4. Set external force and torque position, size, direction

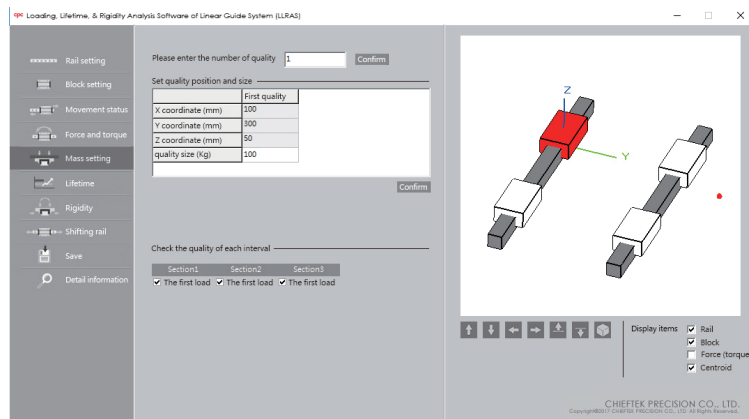




## Technical Information

### Loading, Lifetime, & Rigidity Analysis Software of Linear Guide System (LLRAS)

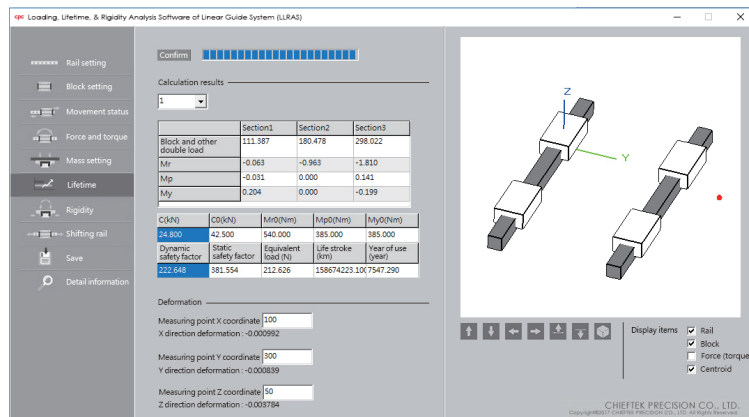
#### 5. Set the quality position size



Variables can be set:

- Center of gravity position
- Center of gravity dimension
- Load range

#### 6. Check if the settings are correct from the 3D chart



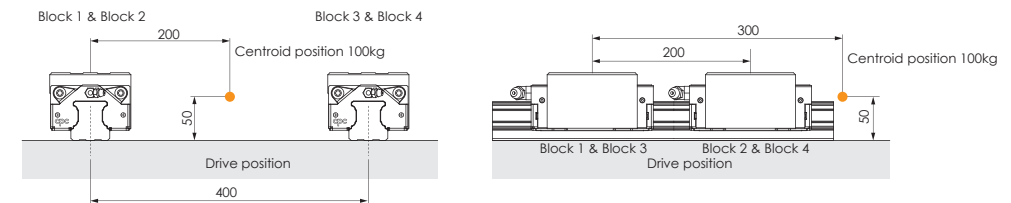
The calculation results are shown in the figure, and the information such as force and equivalent load, safety factor, and life span of each section can be obtained, and the deformation of any measured point can also be obtained.\*

This program can be used to calculate the installation and dimension design of various linear slide rails under different load and movement conditions. The obtained information such as deformation amount, force distribution, and life span can help to provide appropriate and correct design recommendations.

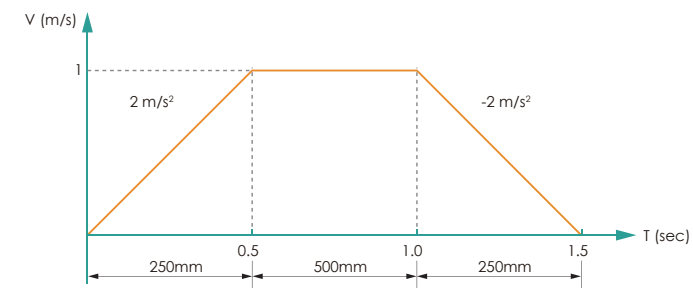
\* For the calculation of amount of deformation, only the rolling object is considered. For actual deformation the steel body of block must be considered as well. When the load > 20% C0, the actual deformation is 1.5 times larger than calculated deformation. When Load = C0, the actual deformation is 2~2.5 times of calculated deformation.

### Application Example

Using the ARC 25 MN VC block, the schematic diagram of the mechanism is as follows:



Motion status is as follows



cpc

	Block 1	Block 2	Block 3	Block 4
At acceleration	348.6	914.5	348.6	914.5
At constant velocity	384.0	949.9	384.0	949.9
At deceleration	419.4	985.3	419.4	985.3
Average load	385.9	951.0	385.9	951.0

Traditional calculated results obtained by geometric distribution.

	Block 1	Block 2	Block 3	Block 4
At acceleration	220	711	220	711
At constant velocity	245	736	245	736
At deceleration	270	761	270	761
The maximum value of average load	736			

#### Results calculated by program

In this case, the calculated result of equivalent load is 30% higher than result obtained by traditional geometric distribution method, and the service life is about 2 times different.

If there is a demand for life and rigidity calculation, please fill in form of [Linear guide service life calculation and model selection] and contact cpc technical department.

## Technical Information

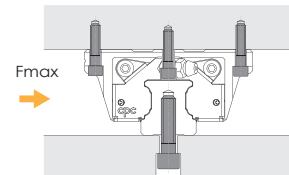
The maximum bearing capacity of linear guide is not only related to the static load capacity  $C_0$ , but also the screw mounting of coupling parts. Factors such as length of block, distance between rails, size of screws, and contact width of rail would impact the maximum bearing capacity of screw mounting.

### Screw tightening torque (Nm)

Strength grade 12.9 Alloy steel screws	steel	cast iron	Non-ferrous metals
M3	2.0	1.3	1.0
M4	4.1	2.7	2.1
M5	8.8	5.9	4.4
M6	13.7	9.2	6.9
M8	30	20	15
M10	68	45	33
M12	118	78	59
M14	157	105	78

### The lateral bearing capacity (without support from edge and lateral mounting)

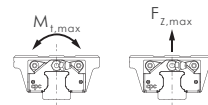
Linear guide often experience lateral load when used; in the case of mounting screw only, the lateral bearing capacity is suggested to be determined by the static friction force resulted from the screw tightening torque. If the maximum lateral load is exceeded, the support from the edge, lateral mounting and plugs are possible options to enhance the load capacity.



According to DIN637, DIN SIO 12090-1 and DIN EN ISO 898-1 regulation, when the tensile strength, torque and lateral force exert on class 8.8 alloy steel screw is larger than the values in table below, the screw mounting and design of edge support must be revised to avoid loose.

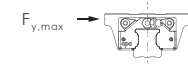
### Screw maximum tensile strength and torque

size	ball type						roller type					
	short		standard		long		standard		long			
	$F_{z,max}$ N	$M_{t,max}$ Nm	$F_{z,max}$ N	$M_{t,max}$ Nm	$F_{z,max}$ N	$M_{t,max}$ Nm	$F_{z,max}$ N	$M_{t,max}$ Nm	$F_{z,max}$ N	$M_{t,max}$ Nm	$F_{z,max}$ N	$M_{t,max}$ Nm
15	3200	22	3700	26	4200	30	7200	50	8000	60		
20	5500	51	6400	60	7300	68	12500	115	14500	134		
25	8100	87	9400	100	10800	120	18700	190	21000	240		
30	15900	210	18500	240	21100	280	36900	470	42200	560		
35	-	-	18500	300	21100	340	36900	590	42200	680		
45	-	-	45900	970	52400	1100	91700	1900	104800	2200		
55	-	-	63700	1600	72800	1800	127400	3200	145600	3600		



### Screw lateral bearing capacity

size	ball type			roller type	
	short	standard	long	standard	long
	$F_{y,max}$ N	$F_{y,max}$ N	$F_{y,max}$ N	$F_{y,max}$ N	$F_{y,max}$ N
15	240	280	320	550	630
20	410	480	550	950	1050
25	610	710	810	1400	1600
30	1200	1400	1600	2800	3200
35	-	1400	1600	2800	3200
45	-	3400	3900	6900	7900
55	-	4800	5500	9600	11000

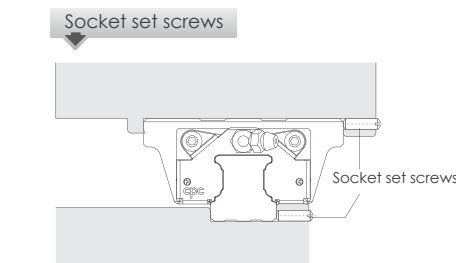
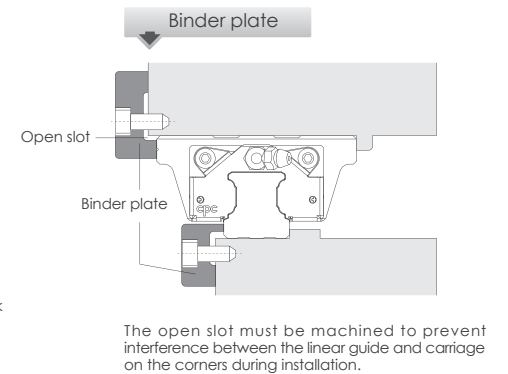
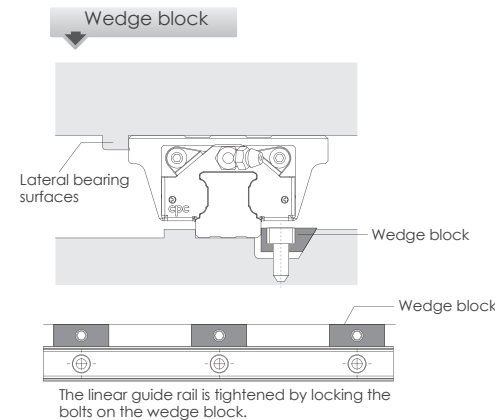


When class 10.9 class alloy steel screw is used, the value is about 1.4 times larger than the value in table above.  
When 12.9 class alloy steel screw is used, the value is about 1.68 times larger.

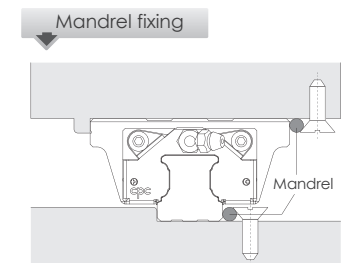
### Lateral bearing surfaces and lateral fixing elements

When the lateral load is greater than the lateral load capacity, the lateral bearing surface is required to bear the lateral force. If the lateral force is bidirectional, Lateral fixing elements can be used to provide a bidirectional lateral load capability of the linear guide on the other side of the side bearing surface, and help close to the lateral bearing surface, the lateral straightness and side load capacity after installation will be greatly improved, and its allowable value will vary according to the type of fixed component.

The following diagram shows several common elements.



When the installation space is limited, the size of lateral mounting element must be considered.



Use the slope of the nut to advance the roller to achieve the effect of tightening the linear LM guide.

## Technical Information

### Preload and clearance

The ARC/HRC/ERC, ARD/HRD/ERD linear guides provide 4 different preload classes VC, V0, V1, V2.

ARC/ARD/WRC										
Class	Description	Preload Value	Clearance (μm)							Application
			15	20	25	30	35	45	55	
			WRC21/15	WRC27/20						
VC	Clearance	0	+5~+0	+5~+0	+5~+0	+5~+0	+5~+0	+5~+0	+5~+0	Smooth motion, low friction
V0	Light Preload	0.02C	+0~-4	+0~-5	+0~-6	+0~-7	+0~-8	+0~-10	+0~-12	For precision situations, smooth motion
V1	Medium Preload	0.05C	-4~-10	-5~-12	-6~-15	-7~-18	-8~-20	-10~-24	-12~-28	High stiffness, precision high load situations
V2	Heavy Preload	0.08C	-10~-16	-12~-18	-15~-23	-18~-27	-20~-31	-24~-36	-28~-45	Super high stiffness, precision and load capacity

HRC/ERC/HRD/ERD										
Class	Description	Preload Value	Clearance (μm)							Application
			15	20	25	30	35	45	55	
VC	Clearance	0	+5~+0	+5~+0	+5~+0	+5~+0	+5~+0	+5~+0	+5~+0	Smooth motion, low friction
V0	Light Preload	0.02C	+0~-4	+0~-5	+0~-6	+0~-7	+0~-8	+0~-10	+0~-12	For precision situations, smooth motion
V1	Medium Preload	0.08C	-4~-12	-5~-14	-6~-16	-7~-19	-8~-22	-10~-25	-12~-29	High stiffness, precision, high load situations
V2	Heavy Preload	0.13C	-12~-19	-14~-23	-16~-26	-19~-31	-22~-35	-25~-40	-29~-46	Super high stiffness, precision and load capacity

### Operating Temperature

The Linear Guide Series of standard ball guide, wide ball guide and roller guides have a permissible operating temperature between -40 °C and 80 °C, and the maximum temperature for short-term operation can reach + 100 °C.

## Installation Notice

### Dimension of reference edge

To ensure that the linear guide is precisely assembled with the machine table, **cpc** devices have a recess installed in the reference edge corner. The corner of the machine table must be smaller than the chamfer of the linear guide to avoid interference. To consult on chamfer sizes and shoulder heights, please refer to the table below.

Unit : mm

ARC/HRC/ERC, ARD/HRD/ERD					
Type	r1max	r2max	h1	h2	E
15	0.5	0.5	4.0	2.5	3.3
20	0.5	0.5	5.0	4.0	5.0
25	1.0	1.0	5.0	5.0	6.0
30	1.0	1.0	6.0	5.5	6.6
35	1.0	1.0	6.0	6.5	7.6
45	1.0	1.0	8.0	8.0	9.3
55	1.5	1.5	10.0	10.0	12.0

WRC					
Type	r1max	r2max	h1	h2	E
21/15	0.4	0.4	5.0	2.0	2.7
27/20	0.4	0.4	5.0	3.0	3.5

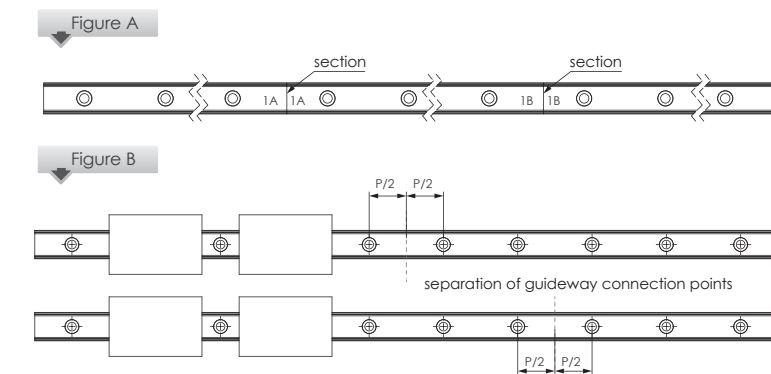
  

ARR/HRR/LRR					
Type	r1max	r2max	h1	h2	E
15	0.5	0.5	4	2	2.9
20	0.5	0.5	5	3.4	4.4
25	1	1	5	4	5
35	1	1	8	5	6
45	1	0.5	10	7	8
55	1.5	1.5	10	8	10

### Rail Joint

The standard length of our large rails is 4 meters. If longer rails are required, **cpc** can provide a joint rail solution for which the joint number will be marked on the rail.

- As shown in figure A, please follow the joint number to assemble.
- For more than two units in each axis, to avoid accuracy effects from multiple blocks passing through the same connection point, we advise to use the connection points separately as shown on figure B.
- Please use the slide as a connection point to tighten the slide before tightening the torques to fasten the screws from inside to outside.



## Installation instructions

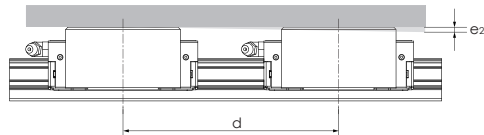
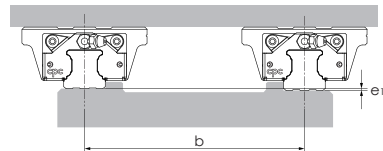
### Installation surface geometry position accuracy

The rough finishing or milling on installation site will impact the working accuracy of linear guide, and reduce the service life of both standard, wide ball type linear guide and roller type linear guide. The accuracy of installation site and linear guides are critical factors to determine the accuracy of work bench. When the error of installation site is larger than the value calculated by following formula, the working resistance and service life will be impacted.

$$e1 \text{ (mm)} = b \text{ (mm)} \cdot f1 \cdot 10^{-4}$$

$$e2 \text{ (mm)} = d \text{ (mm)} \cdot f2 \cdot 10^{-5}$$

$$e3 \text{ (mm)} = f3 \cdot 10^{-3}$$



### Installation datum plane

Rail: Both edges of rail can be reference edge, it shouldn't be marked separately.

Block: The side steel body of the block with  
1. milled surface  
2. Without groove mark can be the reference side.

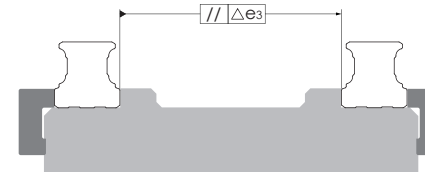
Applicable to 15-55 all models

ARC/HRC/ERC (f1)				
Block length	VC	V0	V1	V2
MS / FS	5.2	3.5	2.2	1.1
MN / FN	4.5	3.1	1.8	0.8
ML / FL	4.2	2.8	1.7	0.7

ARR/HRR/LRR (f1)				
Block length	VC	V0	V1	V2
MN / FN	1.3	1.1	1.0	0.8
ML / FL	1.2	1.1	0.9	0.7
MXL / FXL	1.2	1.0	0.9	0.7

ARC/HRC/ERC (f2)				
Block length	VC	V0	V1	V2
MS / FS	43.1	29.7	18.3	8.9
MN / FN	26.0	17.5	10.5	4.8
ML / FL	18.4	12.3	7.3	3.1

ARR/HRR/LRR (f2)				
Block length	VC	V0	V1	V2
MN / FN	7.1	6.2	5.2	4.3
ML / FL	5.3	4.7	3.9	3.2
MXL / FXL	4.2	3.6	3.0	2.5



ARC (f3)				
Block length	VC	V0	V1	V2
15 MS / FS	20	14	9	5
15 MN / FN	18	13	8	4
15 ML	16	12	7	3
20 MS / FS	25	18	12	6
20 MN / FN	23	16	10	5
20 ML	21	14	9	4
25 MS / FS	31	22	15	8
25 MN / FN	27	20	13	6
30 MS / FS	38	28	18	10
30 MN / FN	33	24	15	8
30 ML	31	22	14	7
35 MN / FN	37	27	17	8
35 ML	35	25	16	8
45 MN	49	35	23	11
45 ML	45	32	21	10
55 MN	65	46	30	15
55 ML	62	44	28	13

ARR/HRR/LRR (f3)			
Block length	V0	V1	V2
15 MN / FN	5	4	2
15 ML / FL	5	3	2
20 MN / FN	7	5	2
20 ML / FL	6	4	2
25 MN / FN	7	5	2
25 ML / FL	7	5	2
25 MXL / FXL	6	5	2
35 MN / FN	9	6	3
35 ML / FL	8	5	2
35 MXL / FXL	8	5	2

HRC / ERC (f3)				
Block length	VC	V0	V1	V2
15 MN / FN / FN-R	18	13	8	4
15 ML / ML-R / FL / FL-R	16	12	7	3
20 MN / FN / FN-R	23	16	10	5
20 ML / ML-R / FL / FL-R	21	14	9	4
25 MS	31	22	15	8
25 MN / FN / FN-R	27	20	13	6
25 ML / ML-R / FL / FL-R	25	18	11	5
30 MN / FN / FN-R	33	24	15	8
30 ML / ML-R / FL / FL-R	31	22	14	7
35 MN / FN / FN-R	37	27	17	8
35 ML / ML-R / FL / FL-R	35	25	16	8
45 MN / FN / FN-R	49	35	23	11
45 ML / ML-R / FL / FL-R	45	32	21	10
55 MN / FN / FN-R	65	46	30	15
55 ML / ML-R / FL	62	44	28	13

ARR/HRR/LRR (f3)			
Block length	V0	V1	V2
45 MN / FN	11	7	4
45 ML / FL	10	7	3
45 MXL / FXL	10	6	3
55 MN / FN	13	9	4
55 ML / FL	12	9	4
55 MXL / FXL	11	8	3



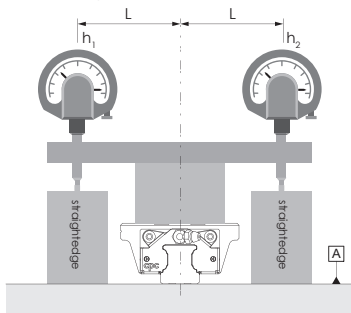
## Installation instructions

### Rail installation

Diagram	Description	Feature
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No Straightening</li> <li>Not allowed</li> </ul>	No precision Low lateral bearing capacity
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Straightening by pin</li> <li>Not suggested</li> </ul>	Low precision Low lateral bearing capacity
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Straightening based on straight edge, calibrated by meter</li> </ul>	Low to mid precision Low lateral bearing capacity
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Place the rail on a supporting edge (Precision vise applied)</li> </ul>	High precision One side with high lateral bearing capacity
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>With support edge and lateral mounting screw</li> </ul>	Very high precision High lateral bearing capacity on both sides.

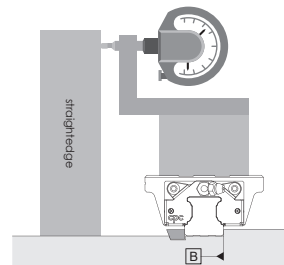
## Recommended precision measurement method

The working accuracy of linear guide is defined by the parallelism between block and rail (height, side). In practical application the linear accuracy is required, the measuring method is diverse, so we would suggest following measure to acquire the linear accuracy of linear guide.



H The horizontal working accuracy  $\left[ \begin{array}{c} \text{P} \\ \text{A} \end{array} \right] +$   
 base plane flatness  $\left[ \begin{array}{c} \text{P} \\ \text{A} \end{array} \right] = |h_1 - h_2| \text{ total length}$   
 (above mentioned method can be used to exclude the skew error of rail on roll direction)

\* When the error of flatness of base plane is 0, the value is the linear working accuracy of rail at the certain height  
 (Please refer to table of working precision page 31 )



W<sub>2</sub> The horizontal working accuracy  $\left[ \begin{array}{c} \text{P} \\ \text{B} \end{array} \right] +$   
 the straightness of rail installation  $\left[ \begin{array}{c} \text{P} \\ \text{B} \end{array} \right]$

\*When the error of the straightness of the rail is 0, the value is the horizontal working accuracy on the side.  
 (Please refer to table of working precision page 31 )

## Lubrication

### Function

The loaded rolling elements and the raceway will be separated at the contact zone by a micron-thick layer of oil.

The lubrication will therefore

- reduce friction
- reduce oxidation
- reduce wear
- dissipate heat and increase service life

### Lubrication caution

- The blocks contain grease, can it can be directly installed on the machine, no need to be washed.
- If the block is washed, please do not soak the block into lubrication oil until the cleaning detergent and the cleaning naphtha is totally dry. Soak the block into the lubrication oil until the oil-pad is full of lubricant, then the block is ready for installation.
- The linear guide must be lubricated for protection purpose before first-use, this is to avoid the contact with pollutant.
- The **cp** block has grease inlet at front end, back end, left side, right side and top. The lubricant can be injected through the grease inlet. Please see the table below for the amount of grease needed for different block model.
- Please ensure the block is moving back and forth when the grease is injected into the block.
- Frequent visual inspection is necessary to ensure the rail is constantly protected by a layer of oil.
- The re-lubrication process must be done before the discoloration due to oil exhaustion
- Please notify when the block is used in acidic, alkaline, or clean room applications.
- Please contact our technical department for lubrication assistance if the rail mounting is different from horizontal direction.
- The re-lubrication interval must be shortened if the travel stroke is <2 or >15 times the length of steel body of block.

### Precautions when lubrication with oil

- If indicate "oil lubrication" on the order, the carriage provided will not be pre-filled with grease.
- If the block has already been greased, the block must be cleaned before mounting onto the rail. It prevents the grease from closing the lubricating oil passage, causing the lubricating oil to not flow, and the rolling elements cannot be lubricated.
- The oil nipple used in combination with the oil pipe kit and the socket set screw to another lubricating oil channel should be wound with thread seal tape.

### The amount of oil needed to fulfill single block.

ARC/HRC/ERC, ARD/HRD/ERD unit : cm <sup>3</sup>			
Size	short (S)	standard (N)	long (L)
15	1.4	2	3.2
20	2.3	4	5.5
25	3.9	7	9.5
30	5.9	10	14
35	-	16	21
45	-	32	40
55	-	53	66.5

WRC unit : cm <sup>3</sup>	
Size	standard (N)
21/15	2.7
27/20	5.3

ARC/HRC/ERC, ARD/HRD/ERD (ball chain type) unit : cm <sup>3</sup>			
Size	short (S)	standard (N)	long (L)
15	1.2	1.5	2.5
20	2.3	3.5	5
25	3.9	7	9
30	5.4	9	12.5
35	-	15	19.5
45	-	30	37
55	-	-	-

WRC (ball chain type) unit : cm <sup>3</sup>	
Size	standard (N)
21/15	2.2
27/20	4.8

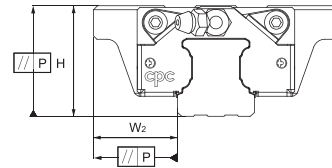
ARR/HRR/LRR unit : cm <sup>3</sup>			
Size	standard (N)	long (L)	extra long (XL)
15	3.7	4.5	-
20	6.1	7.2	-
25	9.5	10.8	11.9
30	12.4	13.7	15.1
35	16.2	18.0	21.3
45	22	26.4	30.8
55	31.2	38.5	46.8

ARR/HRR/LRR (roller chain type) unit : cm <sup>3</sup>			
Size	standard (N)	long (L)	extra long (XL)
15	3.1	3.9	-
20	5.0	6.3	-
25	8.5	9.7	10.8
30	11.2	12.5	13.9
35	14.7	16.5	19.8
45	20.8	24.3	27.7
55	30.6	37.8	46

## Technical information

### Accuracy

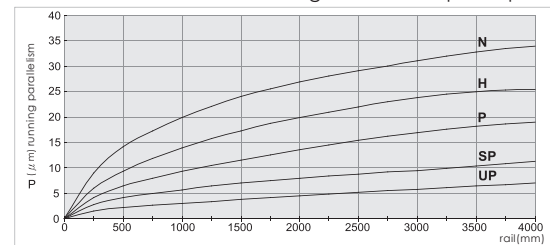
The ARC/HRC/ERC, ARD/HRD/ERD, WRC linear guides provide 5 different grades of precision : N, H, P, SP, and UP. Engineers can choose different grades depending on the machine applications.



### Accuracy

Size	Accuracy grades (μm)		UP	SP	P	H	N
15 ~ 20	Tolerance of dimension height H	H	± 5	± 10	± 15	± 30	± 70
	Variation of height for different runner blocks on the same position of Rail	Δ H	3	5	6	10	20
	Tolerance of dimension width W <sub>2</sub>	W <sub>2</sub>	± 5	± 7	± 10	± 20	± 40
	Variation of width for different runner blocks on the same position of Rail	Δ W <sub>2</sub>	3	5	7	15	30
25 ~35	Tolerance of dimension height H	H	± 5	± 10	± 20	± 40	± 80
	Variation of height for different runner blocks on the same position of Rail	Δ H	3	5	7	15	20
	Tolerance of dimension width W <sub>2</sub>	W <sub>2</sub>	± 5	± 7	± 10	± 20	± 40
	Variation of width for different runner blocks on the same position of Rail	Δ W <sub>2</sub>	3	5	7	15	30
45 ~ 55	Tolerance of dimension height H	H	± 5	± 10	± 20	± 40	± 80
	Variation of height for different runner blocks on the same position of Rail	Δ H	3	5	7	15	25
	Tolerance of dimension width W <sub>2</sub>	W <sub>2</sub>	± 5	± 7	± 10	± 20	± 40
	Variation of width for different runner blocks on the same position of Rail	Δ W <sub>2</sub>	3	5	7	15	30

### Runner block relative to linear guide, datum plane parallel motion precision



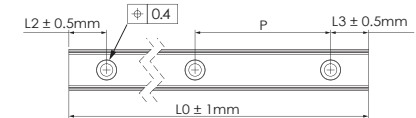
### Application

class	Movement, Conveyance	Manufacturing Equipment	High Precision Manufacturing Equipment	Measuring Equipment
N	●	●		
H	●	●	●	
P		●	●	●
SP			●	●
UP				●
Examples	1. Conveyance system 2. Industrial robots 3. Office Machinery	1. Woodworking machine 2. Punching press 3. Injection Molding machine	1. Lathe/milling machine/ grinding machine 2. Electrical discharge machining (EDM) 3. CNC machining center	1. Three dimensional measuring instrument 2. Detection mirror / head shaft 3. X-Y Table

## Ordering information

### Length of Rail

Butt-jointing is required when lengths exceed Lmax.  
(For more detailed information, please contact **cpc** for technical support.)



ARC	U	15	M	N	-R	B	2	Z	C	V1	P	-1480L	-20	-20	II	/J
Customization code																
Number of rails on the same moving axis																
End hole pitch (mm)*																
Starting hole pitch (mm)*																
Rail length (mm)																
Accuracy grade : UP, SP, P, H, N																
Preload class : VC, V0, V1, V2																
C: with ball chain																
Z: with lubrication storage pad																
Block quantity																
Seal type : B: Low friction S: Standard																
R: six mounting holes Unlabeled: Standards																
Block length : L: long N: standard S: short																
Block width : M: standard F: flanged																
Block type : 15, 20, 25, 30, 35, 45, 55																
U: rail ( tapped from the bottom)																
Product type : ARC: automation series HRC/ERC: heavy load series																

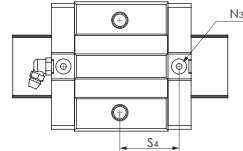
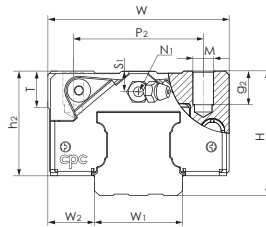
### Customization code(The meaning of suffix characters)

J : slide rail connection	R : special process for rail	SG : installation of side grease holes and set screws
G : customer designated lubricant	VD : customized designated preload pressure value	PC : with plastic caps for counter holes on the rail
I : with Inspection report	OA : block install with grease nipple by <b>cpc</b> (Please contact <b>cpc</b> for direction of grease nipple installation)	MPC : with Metal-Plastic Caps for rail mounting holes.
S : special straightness requirements for rail	DE : reference edges of block and rail on opposite sides	TR : bolt-Hole without chamfer
B : special processing for block	HN : external HNBR seal with metal scraper	
BL : with extension and contraction support layer.		
SN : external NBR seal with metal scraper		
BR : black chrome coating treatment on the rail	CR : clear chrome coating treatment on the rail	RR : raydent coating treatment on the rail
BB : black chrome coating treatment on the block	CB : clear chrome coating treatment on the block	RB : raydent coating treatment on the block
BRB : black chrome coating treatment on the block and rail	CRB : clear chrome coating treatment on the block and rail	RRB : raydent coating treatment on the block and rail
SB : with stainless steel ball bearings	NR : nickel coating treatment on the rail	NB : nickel coating treatment on the block
NRB : nickel coating treatment on the block and rail		

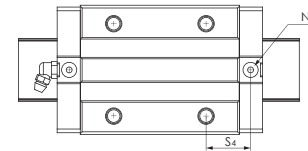
Note: For special process or customized requirement, please contact **cpc** for more information.

\* The end pitch of the rail should not exceed the 1/2 of original pitch, this is to avoid the misfit of the rail to the workbench.

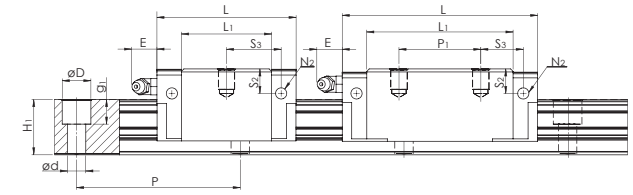
## Dimensions Table



Suitable for \_RC\_ \_MS



Suitable for \_RC\_ \_MN/ML



MS

MN / ML

### ARC/ERC MS, MN, ML Series

Model Code	Mounting Dimensions		Rail Dimensions(mm)				Block Dimensions(mm)												Block Dimensions(mm)								Load Capacities (Kv)		Static Moment (Nm)			Weight		Model Code
	H	W2	W1 0-0.05	H1	P	Dxdxg1	W	L	L1	h2	P1	P2	P3	Mxgx2	M1	T	N1	N2	N3	E	S1	S2	S3	S4	C	Co	Mr0	Mp0	My0	Block (g)	Rail (g/m)			
ARC 15 MS	24	9.5	15	15	60	7.5x4.5x5.3	34	41.2	26	20.7	-	26	26	-	M4x7	-	6	M3x6.5	M3x6	P3	5.3	4.5	7.5	15.6	16.7	7.7	12.1	100	50	50	106	1290	ARC 15 MS	
ARC 15 MN								55.5	40.3		26													16.1	17.2	13.4	26.9	215	235	235	240		ARC 15 MN	
ARC 15 ML								76.2	61		34													19.1	19.8	12.5	19.3	205	100	100	170		ARC 15 ML	
ARC 20 MS	28	11	20	20	60	9.5x6x8.5	42	49.2	32.2	23	-	32	32	-	M5x7	-	8	M3x7.5	M3x5.5	P4	10	4	7.4	16.1	17.2	13.4	26.9	215	235	235	240	2280	ARC 20 MS	
ARC 20 MN								69	52		32													13	13.7	17.1	30.0	325	230	230	266		ARC 20 MN	
ARC 20 ML								87.2	70.2		45													15.6	16.3	20.4	38.5	415	390	390	330		ARC 20 ML	
ARC 25 MS	33	12.5	23	23	60	11x7x9	48	57.4	38.4	27	-	35	35	-	M6x9	-	8	M6x7.5	M3x6.5	P4	12	5	9.3	22.2	23.2	18.2	27.3	350	160	160	300	3020	ARC 25 MS	
ARC 25 MN								81.2	62.2		35													16.6	17.6	24.8	42.5	540	385	385	420		ARC 25 MN	
ERC 25 MS								57.4	38.4		-													-	-	8	12.3	22.2	23.2	18.2	27.3		350	160
ARC 30 MS	42	16	28	27	80	14x9x12	60	68	44	35.2	-	40	40	-	M8x12	-	12	M6x8.5	M6x5	P5	12	7.5	12	27	26.7	23.3	33.1	520	230	230	560	4380	ARC 30 MS	
ARC 30 MN								95.5	71.5		40													20.8	20.5	32.8	53.7	845	565	565	800		ARC 30 MN	
ARC 30 ML								118	94		60													21.7	21.7	39.6	70.2	1105	950	950	1138		ARC 30 ML	
ARC 35 MN	48	18	34	32	80	14x9x12	70	111.2	86.2	40.4	50	50	-	M8x13	-	14	M6x10	M6x7	P5	12	8	15	23.4	24.1	45.9	82.9	1700	1080	1080	1120	6790	ARC 35 MN		
ARC 35 ML								136.6	111.6		72	25.1	25.8										54.7	106.5	2185	1755	1755	1536	ARC 35 ML					
ARC 45 MN	60	20.5	45	39	105	20x14x17	86	135.5	102.5	50.7	60	60	-	M10x17	-	14	PT1/8x12.5	M6x10.5	P5	14	11.1	18.1	27.3	27.3	71.3	122.1	3200	1910	1910	2120	10530	ARC 45 MN		
ARC 45 ML								171.5	138.5		80	35.3	35.3										89.5	169.1	4430	3460	3460	3160	ARC 45 ML					
ARC 55 MN	70	23.5	53	45.7	120	24x16x20	100	168.5	126.5	58	75	75	-	M12x20	-	16	M6x10	M6x13	P5	12	13.5	23.5	34.8	33.8	108	186	4949	3278	3278	4200	14000	ARC 55 MN		
ARC 55 ML								202	160		95	41.5	40.5										125	226	6472	5284	5284	5083	ARC 55 ML					

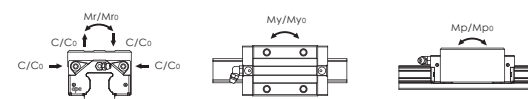
1. The load capacities is for full-ball type (without ball chain)

2. N2 = Injecting holes

3. N3 = O-ring size for lubrication from above

4. N2, N3 will be sealed before shipment, please open it when first using the product.

5. Please refer to the catalog P10 for the size of the screw hole of the reinforcement sheet

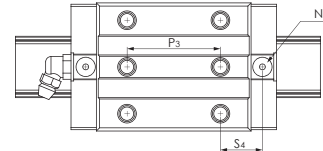
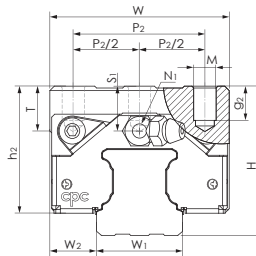


The above rating load capacities and static moments are calculated according to the ISO14728 standard. The rating life for basic dynamic load ratings is defined as the total 100km travel distance for 90% of a group of identical linear guides, under the same conditions and free from any material damage caused by rolling fatigue. If a standard of 50km travel distance is applied to measure the average product lifespan, the above basic dynamic load rating C should be multiplied by 1.26 for an accurate conversion.

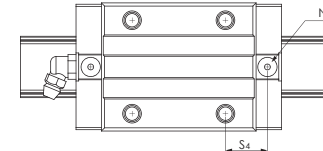




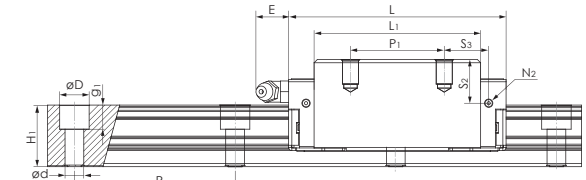
## Dimensions Table



Suitable for \_RC\_ MN-R/ML-R



Suitable for \_RC\_ MN/ML



MN / MN-R , ML / ML-R

### HRC/ERC MN, ML Series

Model Code	Mounting Dimensions		Rail Dimensions(mm)				Block Dimensions(mm)												Block Dimensions(mm)								Load Capacities (kN)		Static Moment (Nm)			Weight		Model Code
	H	W <sub>2</sub>	W <sub>1</sub> 0.05	H <sub>1</sub>	P	Dxdxg <sub>1</sub>	W	L	L <sub>1</sub>	h <sub>2</sub>	P <sub>1</sub>	P <sub>2</sub>	P <sub>2</sub> /2	P <sub>3</sub>	Mxgx <sub>2</sub>	M <sub>1</sub>	T	N <sub>1</sub>	N <sub>2</sub>	N <sub>3</sub>	E	S <sub>1</sub>	S <sub>2</sub>	S <sub>3</sub>	S <sub>4</sub>	C	C <sub>0</sub>	M <sub>ro</sub>	M <sub>po</sub>	M <sub>yo</sub>	Block (g)	Rail (g/m)		
HRC 15 MN	28	9.5	15	15	60	7.5x4.5x5.3	34	55.5	40.3	24.7	26	26	-	-	M4x7	-	6	M3x6.5	M3x6	P3	5.3	8.5	11.5	9.8	10.9	9.9	17.5	140	105	105	200	1290	HRC 15 MN	
HRC 15 MN-R													13	26										190	HRC 15 MN-R									
HRC 15 ML													-	-										300	HRC 15 ML									
HRC 15 ML-R													13	26										280	HRC 15 ML-R									
HRC 20 MN	30	12	20	20	60	9.5x6x8.5	44	69	52	25	36	32	-	-	M5x8.5	-	8	M3x7.5	M3x5.5	P4	10	6	9.4	11	11.7	17.1	30.0	325	230	230	318	2280	HRC 20 MN	
HRC 20 MN-R													16	36										300	HRC 20 MN-R									
HRC 20 ML													-	-										400	HRC 20 ML									
HRC 20 ML-R													16	50										370	HRC 20 ML-R									
ERC 25 MN	36	12.5	23	23	60	11x7x9	48	81.2	62.2	30	35	35	-	-	M6x9	-	8	M6x7.5	M3x6.5	P4	12	8	12.3	16.6	17.6	24.8	42.5	540	385	385	470	3020	ERC 25 MN	
ERC 25 MN-R													17.5	35										445	ERC 25 MN-R									
ERC 25 ML													-	-										610	ERC 25 ML									
ERC 25 ML-R													17.5	50										570	ERC 25 ML-R									
HRC 25 MN	40	12.5	23	23	60	11x7x9	48	81.2	62.2	34	35	35	-	-	M6x9	-	12	M6x7.5	M3x6.5	P4	12	12	16.3	16.6	17.6	24.8	42.5	540	385	385	578	3020	HRC 25 MN	
HRC 25 MN-R													17.5	35										560	HRC 25 MN-R									
HRC 25 ML													-	-										685	HRC 25 ML									
HRC 25 ML-R													17.5	50										645	HRC 25 ML-R									
HRC 30 MN	45	16	28	27	80	14x9x12	60	95.5	71.5	38.2	40	40	-	-	M8x12	-	12	M6x8.5	M6x5	P5	12	10.5	15	20.8	20.5	32.8	53.7	845	565	565	896	4380	HRC 30 MN	
HRC 30 MN-R													20	40										875	HRC 30 MN-R									
HRC 30 ML													-	-										1150	HRC 30 ML									
HRC 30 ML-R													20	60										1100	HRC 30 ML-R									
HRC 35 MN	55	18	34	32	80	14x9x12	70	111.2	86.2	47.4	50	50	-	-	M8x13	-	14	M6x10	M6x7	P5	12	15	22	23.4	24.1	45.9	82.9	1700	1080	1080	1430	6790	HRC 35 MN	
HRC 35 MN-R													25	50										1370	HRC 35 MN-R									
HRC 35 ML													-	-										1953	HRC 35 ML									
HRC 35 ML-R													25	72										1800	HRC 35 ML-R									
HRC 45 MN	70	20.5	45	39	105	20x14x17	86	135.5	102.5	60.7	60	60	-	-	M10x20	-	14	PT1/8x12.5	M6x10.5	P5	14	21.1	28.1	27.3	27.3	71.3	122.1	3200	1910	1910	2794	10530	HRC 45 MN	
HRC 45 MN-R													30	60										2650	HRC 45 MN-R									
HRC 45 ML													-	-										4060	HRC 45 ML									
HRC 45 ML-R													30	80										3950	HRC 45 ML-R									
HRC 55 MN	80	23.5	53	45.7	120	24x16x20	100	168.5	126.5	68	75	75	-	-	M12x25	-	16	M6x10	M6x13	P5	12	23.5	33.5	34.8	33.8	108	186	4949	3278	3278	5110	14000	HRC 55 MN	
HRC 55 MN-R													37.5	75										4900	HRC 55 MN-R									
HRC 55 ML													-	-										6243	HRC 55 ML									
HRC 55 ML-R													37.5	95										6050	HRC 55 ML-R									

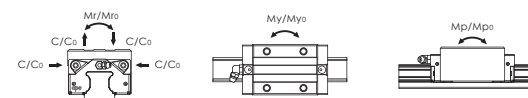
1. The load capacities is for full-ball type (without ball chain)

2. N2 = Injecting holes

3. N3 = O-ring size for lubrication from above

4. N2, N3 will be sealed before shipment, please open it when first using the product.

5. Please refer to the catalog P10 for the size of the screw hole of the reinforcement sheet

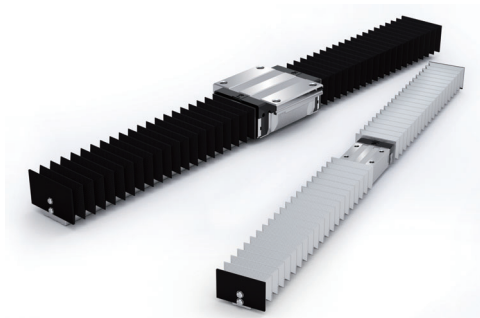


The above rating load capacities and static moments are calculated according to the ISO14728 standard. The rating life for basic dynamic load ratings is defined



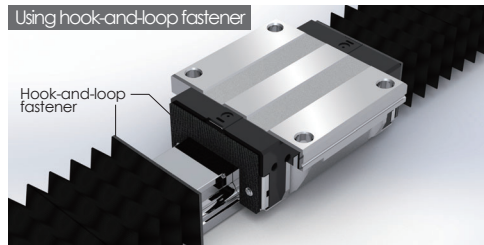
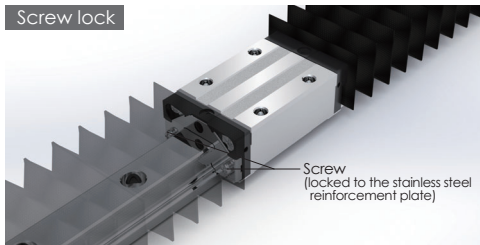
## Bellows

### Type of bellows



- Nylon waterproof bellow (black)**  
Features: protection against water, oil and dust
- Teflon glass fiber bellow (brown)**  
Features: fireproof, acid and alkali resistance
- Antistatic fabric bellow (light blue)**  
Properties: especially for cleanrooms  
(only antistatic detection, no dust detection)
- Neoprene rubber bellow (black)**  
Features: oil and water resistance
- PVC nylon waterproof bellow (black)**  
Features: waterproof, oil-proof, dust-proof
- Aluminum-plated fireproof bellow (bright silver)**  
Features: non flammable, waterproof, oil-proof

### Fixing with block



### Calculations

EX:

$$L_{min} = \frac{S}{(Q-1)}$$

S: Stroke (mm)

$$L_{max} = L_{min} \times Q$$

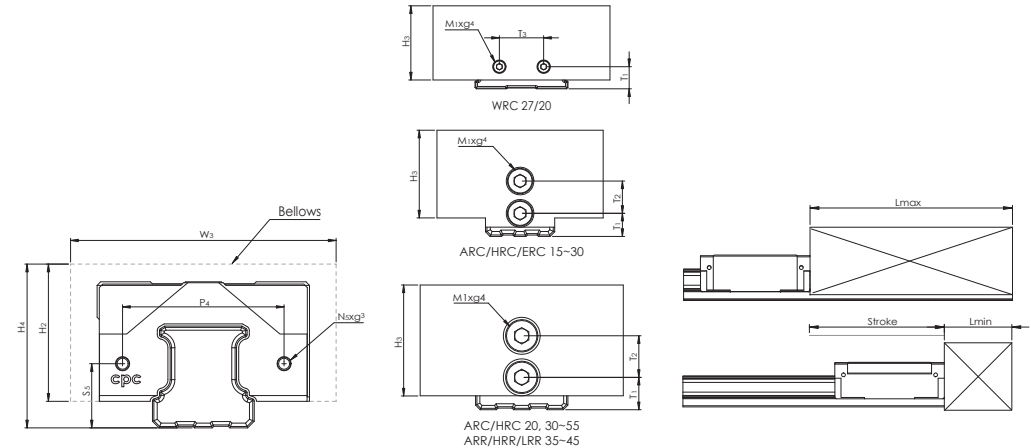
Q: Calculation factor

S = 200 size: HRC 20 Q = 6 Lmax = 40 x 6 = 240  
Lmax / Lmin = 240 / 40  
Lmin : 10mm

### Ordering information

HRC	20	BL-C	240 / 40
			Lmax / Lmin (mm)
	Bellows:		
	BL-A Nylon waterproof bellow		BL-D Neoprene rubber bellow
	BL-B Teflon glass fiber bellow		BL-E PVC nylon waterproof bellow
	BL-C Antistatic fabric bellow		BL-F Aluminum-plated fireproof bellow
	type : Standard Ball type: 15, 20, 25, 30, 35, 45, 55		
	Wide Ball type: 21/15, 27/20		
	Standard Roller type: 35, 45		
	Product type : Standard Ball type: ARC / HRC / ERC		
	Wide Ball type: WRC		
Standard Roller type: ARR / HRR / LRR			

Ordering example : HRC20-BL-C-240/40



### Dimensions and Specifications

Applicable to: Nylon waterproof bellow, Teflon glass fiber bellow and Antistatic fabric bellow

Type	Size	Main dimensions				Screw holes on the block		fastening screw for block		Screw holes on the rail			fastening screw for rail		calculation factor
		W3	H2	H3	H4	P4	S5	N5	g3	T1	T2	T3	M1xg4	Q	
ARC/HRC/ERC	15	36	19	19	23	25	9.4	M3x0.35	2.3	5	7	-	M3x6	5	
	20	44	21	21	27	29	12.5	M3x0.35	2.1	7	9	-	M4x8	6	
	25	50	25	25	32	36.5	14.5	M3x0.35	2.8	9	9	-	M4x8	7	
	30	60	34	34	41	42.5	17	M4x0.5	3.2	10	10	-	M4x8	8	
	35	70	39	39	47	50	19.5	M4x0.5	3.1	13	10	-	M4x8	9	
	45	86	49	49	59	65	24	M4x0.5	5.8	15	13	-	M5x10	10	
	55	100	56	56	69	73	28.5	M5x0.5	5.6	18	15	-	M5x10	12	
WRC	27/20	72	22	22	26	50	11	M3x0.35	2.5	10	-	20	M3x6	5	
ARR/HRR/LRR	35	80	36	36	43	60	18	M4x0.5	4.7	13	10	-	M4x8	12	
	45	95	42	42	51	70	22.5	M4x0.5	3.3	15	13	-	M5x10	14	

Applicable to: PVC nylon waterproof bellow, Aluminum-plated fireproof bellow, Neoprene rubber bellow  
(please pay attention to the height of the bellow when selecting)

Type	Size	Main dimensions				Screw holes on the block		fastening screw for block		Screw holes on the rail			fastening screw for rail		calculation factor
		W3	H2	H3	H4	P4	S5	N5	g3	T1	T2	T3	M1xg4	Q	
ARC/HRC/ERC	15	55	27	27	31	25	9.4	M3x0.35	2.3	5	7	-	M3x6	5	
	20	60	32	32	38	29	12.5	M3x0.35	2.1	7	9	-	M4x8	6	
	25	69	37	37	44	36.5	14.5	M3x0.35	2.8	9	9	-	M4x8	7	
	30	80	44	44	51	42.5	17	M4x0.5	3.2	10	10	-	M4x8	8	
	35	90	50	50	58	50	19.5	M4x0.5	3.1	13	10	-	M4x8	9	
	45	105	57	57	67	65	24	M4x0.5	5.8	15	13	-	M5x10	10	
	55	125	66	66	79	73	28.5	M5x0.5	5.6	18	15	-	M5x10	12	
ARR/HRR/LRR	35	84	47	47	54	60	18	M4x0.5	4.7	13	10	-	M4x8	8	
	45	112	60	60	69	70	22.5	M4x0.5	3.3	15	13	-	M5x10	11	

\* If any customized requirements, please contact **cpc**.

## Nipple Option

### Grease nipple/ Oil piping joint

OB-M3-M6	OA-M3-D4	OA-M6-M8	OA-M6-PT1/8	
OA-M6-G1/8	OB-M6-M8	OB-M6-PT1/8	OA-PT1/8-M8	
OA-PT1/8-PT1/8	OA-PT1/8-G1/8	OB-PT1/8-M8	OB-PT1/8-PT1/8	

- The L type nipple is for both ball bearing and roller type external seals (SN)

- The XL type nipple is for the roller type external seal (SN)

Note: in case of need for customization or special requirements, please contact **cpc**

B-M6-XL	OA-M6-M8-L	OA-M6-PT1/8-L	OA-M6-G1/8-L	
OB-M6-M8-L	OB-M6-PT1/8-L	B-PT1/8-L	OA-M6-M8-XL	
OA-M6-PT1/8-XL	OA-M6-G1/8-XL	OB-M6-M8-XL	OB-M6-PT1/8-XL	



## Lubrication Kit and Grease Gun

The **cpc** Lubrication Unit is a supply nozzle with 3 different sizes of nozzle adaptors. These nozzle adaptors are suitable for differently sized grease nipples on different sized linear blocks.



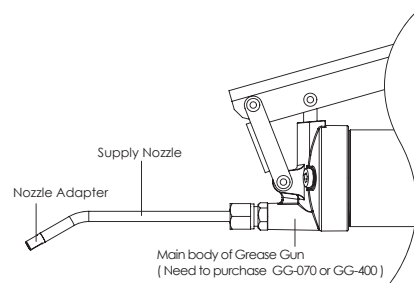
### Nipple Option

Type			Nipple Size		Nipple Type	
			Section	Side	Standard	
Ball	ARC15	HRC15	-	M3	M3	A-M3
	ARC20	HRC20	-	M3	M3	B-M3
	ARC25	HRC25	ERC25	M6	M3	A/B-M6
	ARC30	HRC30	-	M6	M6	A/B-M6
	ARC35	HRC35	-	M6	M6	A/B-M6
	ARC45	HRC45	-	PT1/8	M6	B-PT1/8
Roller	ARC55	HRC55	-	M6	M6	A/B-M6
	ARR15	HRR15	-	M3	M3	A/B-M3
	ARR20	HRR20	-	M4	M4	A/B-M4
	ARR25	HRR25	-	M6	M6	A/B-M6
	ARR35	HRR35	LRR35	M6	M6	A/B-M6
	ARR45	HRR45	LRR45	M6	M6	A/B-M6
	ARR55	HRR55	LRR55	M6	M6	A/B-M6

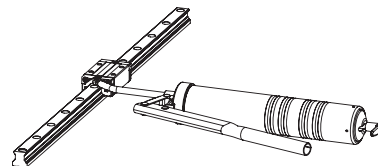
### GP-PT1/8-01 Lubrication Kit

The Lubrication Kit comes equipped with a supply nozzle (GT-1/8-M5) and three kinds of different nozzle adaptors (GH-M5-MR, GH-M5-06, GH-M5-08).

The supply nozzle can be mounted on the main body of the common manual or pneumatic grease gun with PT1/8 tapped connectors widely available on the market.



### Greasing Diagram



### Supply Nozzle

Type	Dimension
GT-PT1/8-M5	

### Nozzle Adaptor

Unit: mm

Type	Dimension	Grease Nipple	
GH-M5-MR		MR series Miniature linear guide size MR-15M · MR-15W MR-12M · MR-12W	
GH-M5-06		A-M3 A-M3-L	
		B-M3 B-M3-L	
GH-M5-08		A-M6 A-M6-L A-M6-XL	
		B-M6 B-M6-L B-M6-XL	
		B-PT1/8 B-PT1/8L	

### Main body of Grease Gun

Option for the main body of the Grease Gun: GG-070 for 70g volume grease pack and GG-400 for 400g volume grease pack.

Unit: mm

Type	Dimension	Feature
GG-070		<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Pressure: 27Mpa</li> <li>Output Volume: 0.5~0.7 c.c/stroke</li> <li>Grease: Suitable for 70g volume grease pack or bulk loading</li> </ol>
GG-400		<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Pressure: 62Mpa</li> <li>Output Volume: 1.0~1.2 c.c/stroke</li> <li>Grease: Suitable for 400g volume grease pack or bulk loading</li> </ol>

cpc AR/HR Z Series Lubrication Storage Pad Testing Report

A linear guide is a category of rolling guidance systems. By using unlimited recirculating stainless steel balls that operate between the raceways of the rail and the runner block, the carriage achieves high precision and low friction linear movement. If the linear guides do not have sufficient lubrication, rolling friction will increase, causing wear and shortened linear guide lifespan.

cpc has added and embedded PU lubricant storage pads to prolong the life of the linear guide; the pads directly contact and lubricate the rolling balls. This design supplies sufficient lubrication even in short stroke operations.

cpc's design, due to the embedded pads absorption and retention capabilities, results in a product that features a long operation life and long-term lubrication.

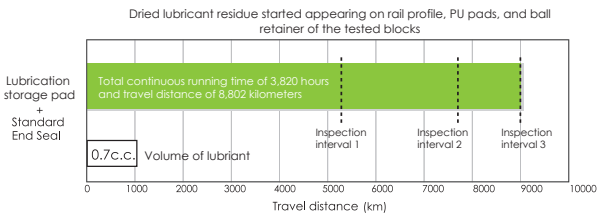
Following are the results of cpc's in-house testing.

AR15 Lubrication Storage Pad Testing Data

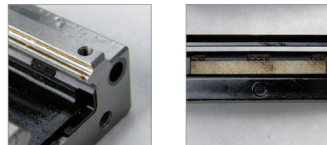
Tested products: AR15 blocks with lubrication storage pads, 8 pieces, and AR15 rails, N accuracy grade, 1500mm Length, 4 pieces

Testing condition	
Rating load capacities(each Block)	1.8KN(C=9KN · C0=17.5KN)
Stroke	0.96m
Max running speed	1m/s
Lubricant	DAPHNE SUPER MULTI 68 [Viscosity64.32 CST 400C]
Lubrication period	No lubrication added during testing period

■ Testing result

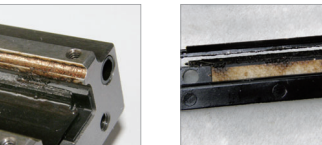


Inspection intervals 1 and 2: Lubrication Maintained



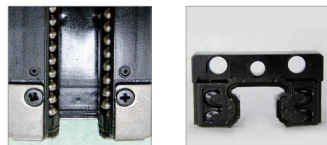
- Upward lubrication storage pads in good condition.
- Lubricant supply in good condition.
- No wear on the running profile of the rail.
- Downward lubrication storage pads in good condition.
- Lubricant supply in good condition.

Inspection interval 3: Lubricant residue



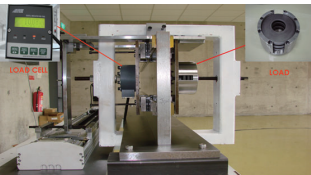
- Dried lubricant residue and breakage on the upward lubrication storage pads
- Dried lubricant residue and breakage on the downward lubrication storage pads.

Plastic parts and end seal in good condition

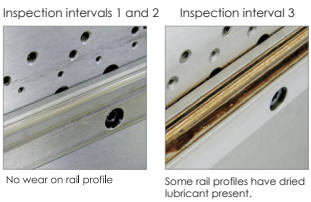


Plastic parts in good condition End seal in good condition

■ Testing equipment



■ Test results at inspection intervals



■ Test Summary

Total continuous running time of 3820 hours and travel distance of 8802 kilometers.  
Out of eight test blocks, dried lubricant residue appeared on 2 blocks and 1 rail.  
Dried lubricant residue is indicative of a need for relubrication and thus lengthens the operational life of the linear guide.

Linear Guide Service Life Calculation and Model Selection

Company /		Date (DD/MM/YEAR) /	
Address /		Tel /	
Contact /	Department /	Machine Model /	
Application(Axial) /	Amount required per Machines /	Sample Required Date (DD/MM/YEAR)/	
Application Drawing Provided?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	Production Date (DD/MM/YEAR)/	
Assembly Specification / Way of Assembling			
<div><input type="checkbox"/> Horizontal <input type="checkbox"/> Vertical <input type="checkbox"/> Wall Hanging <input type="checkbox"/> Hanging on the Ceiling <input type="checkbox"/> Inclined 1(Degree: ) <input type="checkbox"/> Inclined 2(Degree: ) <input type="checkbox"/> Others (Please Draw a Sketch Above)</div>			
Rails per Axial	<input type="checkbox"/> I (1) <input type="checkbox"/> II (2) <input type="checkbox"/> III (3) <input type="checkbox"/> Other		
Blocks per Rail	<input type="checkbox"/> 1 <input type="checkbox"/> 2 <input type="checkbox"/> 3 <input type="checkbox"/> Other		
Distribution of Blocks (mm)	$l_0$ : (Distance Between Blocks on the same rail)	$l_1$ : (Distance Between Adjacent Blocks on different rails)	
Center of Mass of load(mm)	$l_{mx}$ : $l_{my}$ : $l_{mz}$ :		
Mass of Load (kg)	(Please include mounting plate weight)		
Driver Position (mm)	$l_{dz}$ : $l_{dy}$ :		
External Force Applying Position (mm)	$l_{Fx}$ : $l_{Fy}$ : $l_{Fz}$ :		
Axial Component (N)	$F_x$ : $F_y$ : $F_z$ :		
One Rail Per Axial			
Two Rails Per Axial			
Motion Specification			
Drive Mechanism	<input type="checkbox"/> Linear Motor <input type="checkbox"/> Ball Screw <input type="checkbox"/> Pneumatic Cylinder <input type="checkbox"/> Belt <input type="checkbox"/> Hydraulic cylinder <input type="checkbox"/> Rack and Pinion <input type="checkbox"/> Manual <input type="checkbox"/> Other		
Specification	Stroke Distance (mm):	Maximum Speed (m/sec):	
	Acceleration (m/sec <sup>2</sup> ):	Deceleration (m/sec <sup>2</sup> ):	
	Stroke Time (sec)	Frequency (hr <sup>-1</sup> ):	
	Daily Operation Time (hr):	Expected Service Life (Year):	
Environment and Lubrication Requirements			
Environment	<input type="checkbox"/> General <input type="checkbox"/> Clean room(Grade/Class ) <input type="checkbox"/> Vacuum / Low Pressure <input type="checkbox"/> Small Amount of Dust (Substance ) <input type="checkbox"/> Large Amount of Dust (Substance ) <input type="checkbox"/> Liquid (Substance ) <input type="checkbox"/> Special Gas (Substance ) <input type="checkbox"/> Other		
cpc Initial Lubrication	<input type="checkbox"/> Pre-lubricated (Regular Amount) <input type="checkbox"/> Pre-lubricated (Small Amount) <input type="checkbox"/> None <input type="checkbox"/> Other		
cpc Initial Antirust Method	<input type="checkbox"/> Apply Antirust Oil On the Surface <input type="checkbox"/> Apply Grease On the Surface <input type="checkbox"/> None <input type="checkbox"/> Other		
Customer Initial Lubrication	<input type="checkbox"/> cpc Grease only <input type="checkbox"/> In addition to cpc Grease, Inject Customer's Grease (Grease : ) <input type="checkbox"/> Remove cpc Grease And Inject Customer's Grease (Solvent: (Grease: ) <input type="checkbox"/> Other		
End User Re-lubrication Method	<input type="checkbox"/> Manual <input type="checkbox"/> Central Oiling System <input type="checkbox"/> None <input type="checkbox"/> Other		